

R2110

High Speed Smart LTE Router





Guangzhou Robustel LTD www.robustel.com

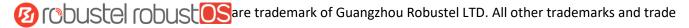


About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel R2110 Router, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical
 equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in local country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.



Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.



Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EU	The European RoHS2.0 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment.
2013/56/EU	The European 2013/56/EU Directive is a battery Directive which published in the EU official gazette on 10 December 2013. The button battery used in this product conforms to the standard of 2013/56/EU directive.

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China

Table 2. Standa	rds of the electronic industry of the reopie's kepublic of China
SJ/T	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 "Requirements
11363-2006	for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information
	Products" issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on
	November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous
	substances in electronic information products.
	Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be
	contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.
SJ/T	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 "Labeling
11364-2014	Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products"
	issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on
	July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and
	electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled.
	This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the
	People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic
	and electrical products.
	The orange logo below is used for Robustel products:
	Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product.
	The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) * of
	electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the
	environment-friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter
	the recycling system.
	*The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term
	during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information
	products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious
	damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.
L	



Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of	Hazardo	Hazardous Substances								
the Part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	(DEHP)	(BBP)	(DBP)	(DIBP)
Metal parts	0	0	0	0	-	1	-	-	-	-
Circuit modules	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and cable assemblie s	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

X:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

-:

Indicates that it does not contain the toxic or hazardous substance.



Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Document Version	Change Description
Apr 17, 2019	3.1.0	v.1.0.0	Initial release
Apr 30, 2019	3.1.0	v.1.0.1	1. Revise the Dimensions of product.
			2. Add the information of Approvals.
			3. Revise the Regulatory and Type Approval
			Information.
			4. Revise the description of Robustlink and
			change it to RCMS.
			5. Revise the Data speed.
May 22, 2019	3.1.0	v.1.0.2	1. Revise the Dimensions of product and its
			related picture.
Jul 19, 2019	3.1.0	v.1.0.3	1. Revise the description of antenna interface.
			type and added the GPS antenna in chapter 1.2
			2. Revise the definition description of 2*5 3.5mm
			interface in chapter 2.1.
			3. Revise the description of antenna interface
			type in chapter 2.8.
			4. Add the interface description of DI/DO in
			chapter 2.13.
			5. Revise the notes of Commands Reference in
			chapter 6.3.
			6. Revise the Regulatory and Type Approval
			Information.
			7. Revise the package contents in chapter 1.2.
			8. Revise the screenshot of Control panel in
			chapter 3.4.
			9. Revise the screenshot of system information in
			chapter 4.1.1.
Mar 18, 2020	3.1.0	v.1.0.4	1. Revise the Regulatory and Type Approval
			Information.
			2. Revise the information of With Ignition
			Sensing.
			3. Delete some redundant descriptions in product
			specifications.
Jun 11, 2020	3.1.0	v.1.0.5	1. Add the USR-SIM information.
May 28, 2021	3.1.9	v.1.0.6	1. Cancel the "enable button" of the on-board
			ignition function.
			2. Revise the description of LED indicators.
			3. Revise the description of cellular.
			4. Add Smart Roaming.



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Chapter 1 Product Overview

1.1 Key Features

The Robustel Industrial Cellular Bluetooth Router (R2110) is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for internet of things applications.

R2110 is a powerful platform developed based on RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel devices. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with excellent user experience. Meanwhile, RobustOS offers Software Development Kit (SDK) allows partners and customers to develop IoT applications by using C. It also provides various Apps to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R2110 Router, verify the kit contents as following.

Note: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

• 1 x Robustel R2110 High Speed Smart LTE Router



• 1 x 3-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block with lock for power supply



• 1 x 2*5-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for serial port





Note: If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Optional Accessories (sold separately)

3G/4G SMA-J cellular antenna (stubby/magnet optional)
 Stubby antenna
 Magnet antenna





RP-SMA-J WiFi antenna (stubby/magnet optional)
 Stubby antenna
 Magnet antenna





• RP-SMA-J Bluetooth stubby antenna



• SMA-J GPS antenna (Magnetic absorption or adhesive is optional)



Wall mounting kit





35 mm DIN rail mounting kit



Ethernet cable



• AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

• Number of antennas: 2 (MAIN + AUX)

Connector: SMA-K

• SIM: 2 (3.0 V & 1.8 V) Mini- SIM; UICC SIM (Optional)

Standards: FDD LTE/TDD LTE

FDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G TDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G

Ethernet Interface



- Number of ports: 4 x 10/100/1000 Mbps (3 x LAN + 1 x WAN)
- WAN port: Supports 802.3at PD feature (optional) on ETH0
- Magnet isolation protection: 1 KV

WiFi Interface

- Number of antennas: 2 (WiFi1 + WiFi2)
- Connector: RP-SMA-K
- Standards: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac, 2*2 MIMO, supports AP and Client modes
- Frequency bands: 2.412 2.472 GHz (2.4 GHz ISM band)

5.15 - 5.825 GHz (5 GHz ISM band)

- Security: Open ,WPA, WPA2, WEP
- Encryption: AES, TKIP, WEP64
- Data speed: 5G: Up to 867Mbps

2.4G: Up to 300Mbps

Bluetooth Interface (Optional)

- Number of antennas: 1
- Connector: RP-SMA-K
- Standards: BLE 5.0 Compatible with BLE 4.2, BLE 4.0

GPS (Optional)

- Number of antennas: 1
- Connector: SMA-K with 50 ohms impedance
- GNSS Technology: GPS, QZSS, GLONASS, Galileo, BeiDou
- Tracking sensitivity: -160 dBm
- Horizontal position accuracy: 2.5 m

Serial Interface

- Number of ports: 1 x RS232 + 1 x RS485
- Connector: 2 x 5-pin 3.5 mm female socket
- ESD protection: ±15 KV
- Baud rate: 300 bps to 115200 bps
- Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 8E2, 8O2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1, 7O1, 7N1
- RS232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
- RS485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)

DI / DO

- Type: 1 x DI + 1 x DO, wet contact
- Connector: 2 x 5-pin 3.5 mm female socket
- Isolation: 3KVDC or 2KVrms
- Absolute maximum VDC: "V+"+ 30 V DC (DI), 30 V DC (DO)
- Absolute maximum ADC: 100 mA

Others

• 1 x RST button (Tact Switch)



- 1 x Micro SD interface
- 1 x USB 2.0 host, 5 V/500 mA
- LED indicators 1 x RUN, 1 x Modem, 1 x USR, 1 x RSSI, 1 x NET, 1 x WiFi Network port indicator (link indicator)
- Built-in: Watchdog, Timer

Power Supply and Consumption

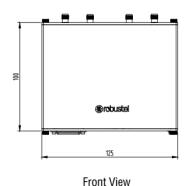
- Connector: 3-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock
 Input voltage: 10 to 30V DC(With ignition sensing)
 9 to 36V DC (Without ignition sensing)
- Power consumption: Idle: 500 mA@12 V

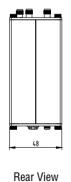
Data link: 1.3 A (peak) @12 V

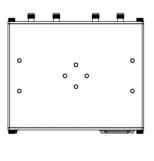
Physical Characteristics

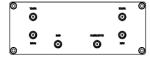
- Ingress protection: IP30
- Housing & Weight: Aluminum, 500 g
- Dimensions: 125mm x 100mm x 48mm (device only)
- Installations: Desktop, wall mounting or 35 mm DIN rail mounting

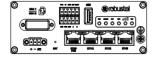
1.4 Dimensions











Side View Top&Bottom View



Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 Definition of 2*5 3.5mm Interface



PIN	DI/DO	RS232	RS485	Direction
1	IGND			
2	OGND			
3	-	TXD		Router \rightarrow Device
4	-	RXD		Router ← Device
5		GND		
6	IN			
7	OUT			
8			А	
9			В	
10			GND	



2.2 Definition of Power Interface



PIN	Power	Note
1	Positive	
2	Negative	
3	ACC	Car ignition and flameout detection

2.3 LED Indicators



Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, solid	Router is powered on (System is initializing)
		On, blinking	Router starts operating
		Off	Router is powered off
MODEM	Green	On, solid	Link connection is working
		On, blinking	Data is sent and received.
		Off	Link connection is not working
NET Green On, solid Connection to 4G netwo		Connection to 4G network is established	
		On, blinking	Connection to Legacy network (3G or 2G) is established
		Off	Network is not joined or joining
USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
		Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
USR-IPsec	IPsec Green On, solid IPsec connection is established		IPsec connection is established
		Off	IPsec connection is not established



USR-SIM	Green	On, solid	Main SIM card is being used
		On, blinking	Backup SIM card is being used
		Off	No SIM card is being used
	Green	On, solid	HL7539 module: The received signal strength is greater
			than -95dBm (strong signal)
			Non-HL7539 module: The received signal strength is
			greater than -73dBm (strong signal)
	Yellow	On, solid	HL7539 module: received signal strength -107 to -95 dBm
			(moderate signal)
			Non-HL7539 module: received signal strength -91 to -73
			dBm (moderate signal)
	Red	On, solid	HL7539 module: received signal strength -111 to -109
			dBm (weak signal)
			Non-HL7539 module: received signal strength -111 to -93
			dBm (weak signal)
		Off	Very Low Signal strength (0) is available or No signal
WiFi	Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly
		Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly

Note: You can choose the display type of USR LED. For more details, please refer to **Service > Advanced > System >System Settings > User LED Type.**

2.4 USB Interface



Function	Operation
Firmware	USB interface is used for batch firmware upgrading, but cannot be used for sending or
upgrade	receiving data from slave devices which connected to it. You can insert a USB storage device
	into the router's USB interface, such as a U disk or a hard disk. If there have a supported
	configuration file or a router firmware in this USB storage device, the router will automatically
	update the configuration file or the firmware. For more details, see 3.11 Interface > USB .



2.5 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for at least 5 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory	Wait for 0~20 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button with a
default settings	pointed stick until all six LEDs start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the
	router to factory defaults.

2.6 Ethernet Ports



There are four Ethernet ports on R2110-4L, including ETH0 (POE), ETH1, ETH2, ETH3. Each has two LED indicators. The yellow one is a link indicator but the green one doesn't mean anything. For details about status, see the table below.

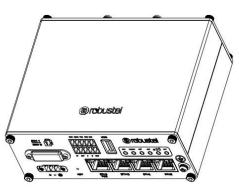
Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
(Yellow)	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established



2.7 Insert or Remove SIM Card







Insert or remove the SIM card as shown in the following steps.

Insert SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
- 3. To insert SIM card, press the card with finger until you hear a click and then tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.
- 4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

• Remove SIM card

- Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
- 3. To remove SIM card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the card.
- 4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Note:

 Use the specific card when the device is working in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 40 °C), because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.

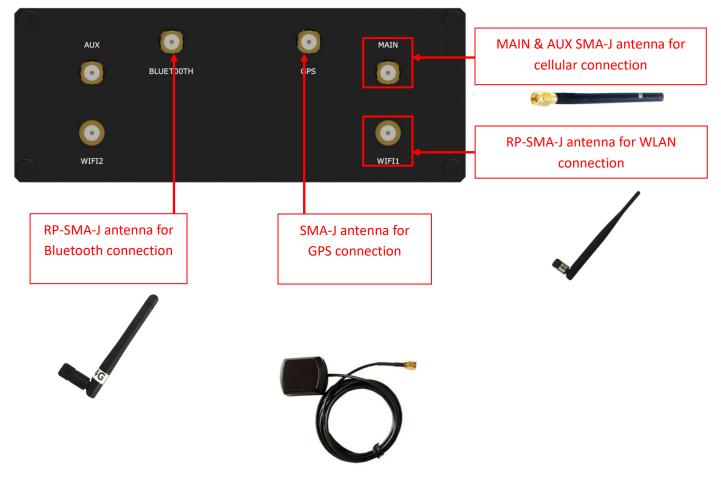


- 2. Do not forget to twist the cover tightly to avoid being stolen.
- 3. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.
- 4. Do not bend or scratch the card.
- 5. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 6. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.8 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



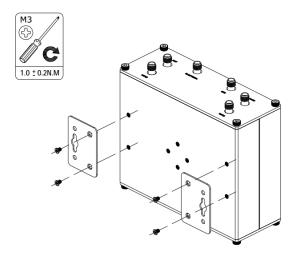


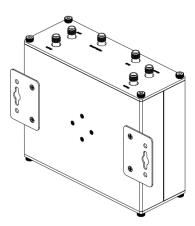
2.9 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

Two methods for mounting the router

1. Wall mounting (measured in mm)

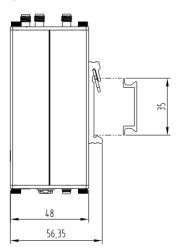




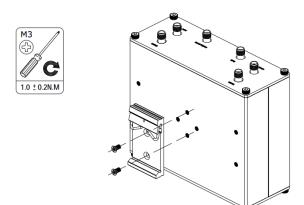
Use 4 pcs of M2.5*4 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

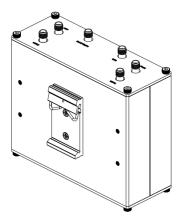
Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

- 2. DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)
 - Option 1





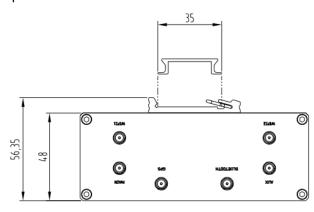


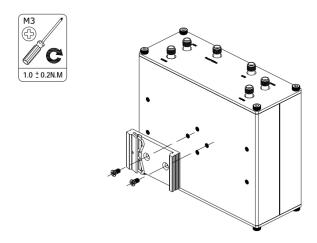


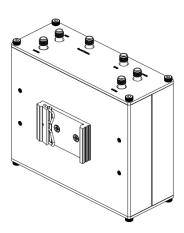
Use 2 pcs of M3*6 stainless flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

Option 2







Use 2 pcs of M3*6 stainless flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.



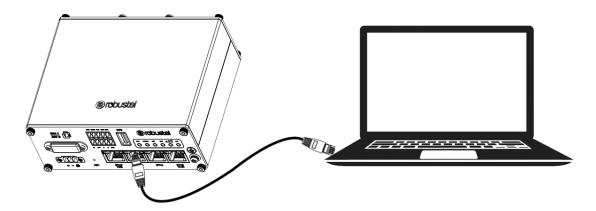
2.10 Ground the Router



Router grounding helps prevent the noise effect due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Connect the router to the site ground wire by the ground screw before powering on.

Note: This product is appropriate to be mounted on a sound grounded device surface, such as a metal panel.

2.11 Connect the Router to a Computer

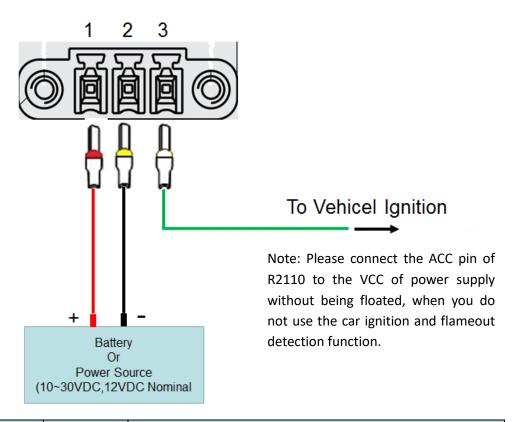


Connect an Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH1~ETH3 at the front of the R2110 Router, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.



2.12 Power Supply

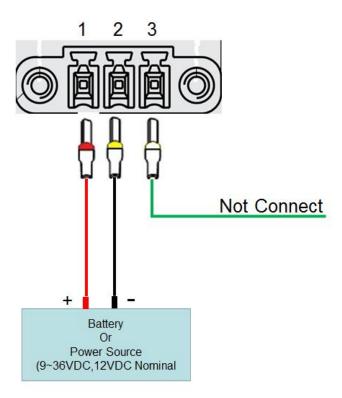
With Ignition Sensing



PIN	Description	Note
1	V+	Connect adapter or battery positive (red line)
2	V-	Connect adapter or battery negative (black)
3	ACC	Car ignition and flameout detection (green line), when the car ignition and flameout detection function is not used, the ACC pin is connected to the power supply and cannot be left floating.



With POE Function



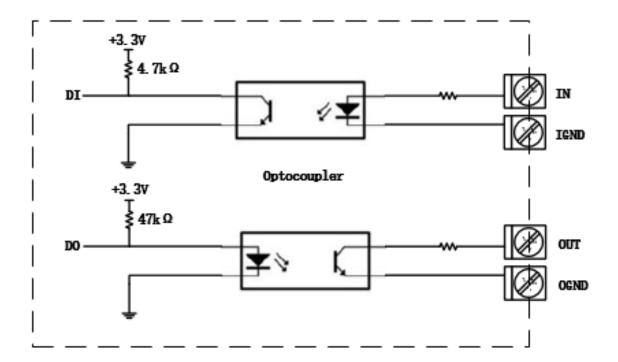
PIN	Description	Note
1	V+	Connect adapter or battery positive (red line)
2	V-	Connect adapter or battery negative (black)
3	Not connected	

Note:

- The Input voltage is: 10 to 30V DC(With ignition sensing)
 9 to 36V DC (Without ignition sensing)
- 2. The car ignition sensing function and the POE function can only be selected one by one.

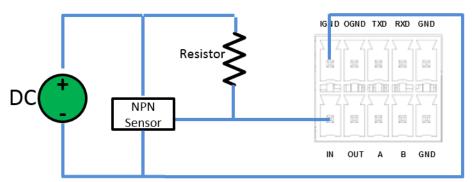


2.13 **DI/DO** Interface



The R2110 supports 1 channel DI and 1 channel DO by default. It can support 2 channels of DI or 2 channels of DO by BOM modification. DI signal access, can be used for NPN/PNP type sensor signal or switch signal acquisition, power supply can only be accessed from IN, not reversed. DO signal output, can be used for NPN/PNP sensor control.

1. Application mode of DI connected with NPN sensor

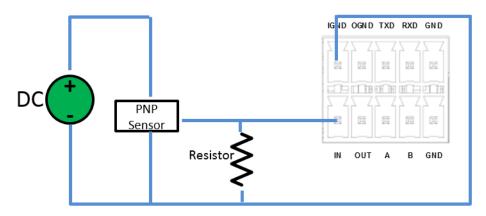


IN corresponds to IN on 2*5 3.5mm interface, and IGND corresponds to IGND on 2*5 3.5mm interface. The voltage range of external power supply (DC) is $3V \sim 30V$; The internal flow of the device is limited. In the normal voltage range, the external power supply does not need to be limited.

Notes: The above example NPN Sensor is a DC three-wire NPN photoelectric switch or proximity switch.

2. Application mode of DI connected with PNP sensor

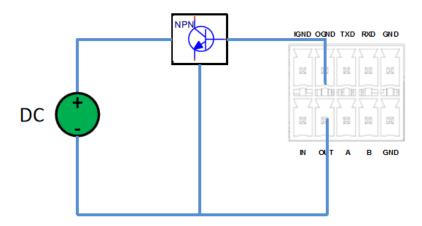




IN corresponds to IN on 2*5 3.5mm interface, and IGND corresponds to IGND on 2*5 3.5mm interface. The voltage range of external power supply (DC) is 3V \sim 30V; The internal flow of the device is limited. In the normal voltage range, the external power supply does not need to be limited.

Notes: The above example PNP Sensor is a DC three-wire NPN photoelectric switch or proximity switch.

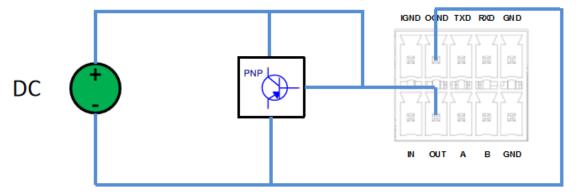
3. Application mode of DO Driven NPN Triode



OUT corresponds to OUT on 2*5 3.5mm interface, and OGND corresponds to OGND on 2*5 3.5mm interface. The maximum 2.5mA drive current can be supplied through OGND; the external power supply DC voltage range is $3V^{2}$.

Notes: The above illustration NPN is a common NPN triode.

4. Application mode of DO Driven PNP Triode



OUT corresponds to OUT on 2*5 3.5mm interface, and OGND corresponds to OGND on 2*5 3.5mm interface. The external power supply DC voltage range is 3V~30V.



Notes: The above illustration PNP is a common NPN triode.



Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

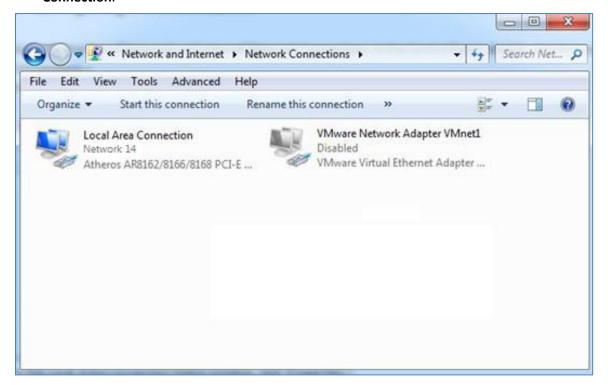
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

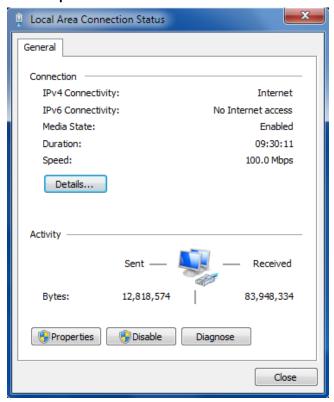
Here take Windows 7 as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

 Click Start > Control panel, double-click Network and Sharing Center, and then double-click Local Area Connection.

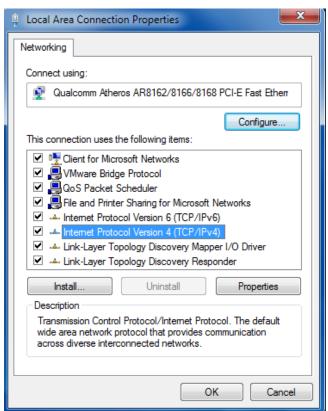




2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.



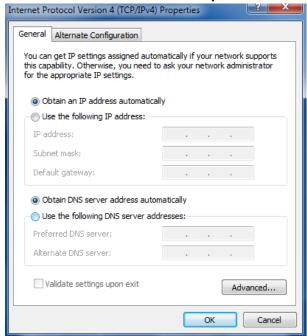
3. Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.





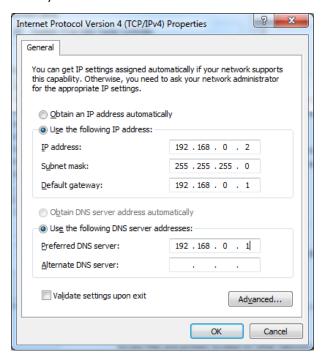
4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC

Obtain an IP address automatically from the DHCP server and click "Obtain an IP address automatically";



Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Click and configure "Use the following IP address.)



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.



3.2 Factory Default Settings

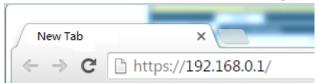
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETHO/POE	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, WAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH2	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH3	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

- 1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer, Google and Firebox, etc.
- 2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is <u>192.168.0.1</u>, though the actual address may vary.



3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

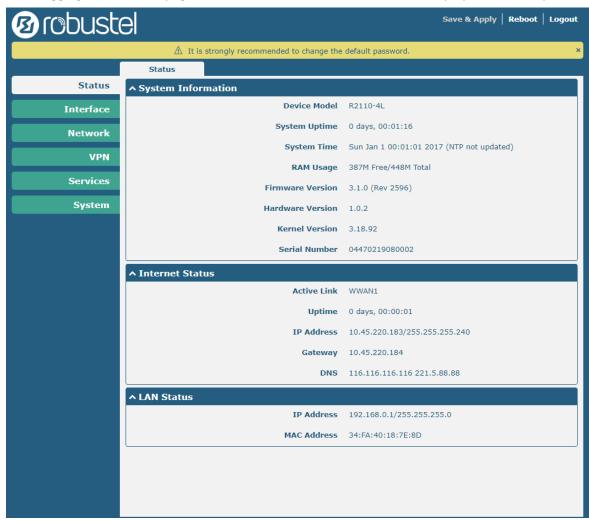
Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.





3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R2110 Router's web interface is displayed, for example.



In the home page, users can perform operations such as saving the configuration, restarting the router, and logging out.

Using the original password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab

⚠ It is strongly recommended to change the default password.

Click the symbol to close the popup. It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password. To change your username and/or password, see **3.34 System > User Management**.

Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the modification on every configuration page, to make the modification taking effect.	Save & Apply
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.	Reboot



Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	Logout
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Submit under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Submit under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save & Apply.

Chapter 4 Initial Configuration

4.1 Status

This page allows you to view the System Information, Internet Status and LAN Status of your Router.

4.1.1 System Information

This section shows the system status information of your Router.

↑ System Information	
Device Model	R2110-4L
System Uptime	0 days, 00:01:16
System Time	Sun Jan 1 00:01:01 2017 (NTP not updated)
RAM Usage	387M Free/448M Total
Firmware Version	3.1.0 (Rev 2596)
Hardware Version	1.0.2
Kernel Version	3.18.92
Serial Number	04470219080002



System Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.	
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.	
System Time	Show the current system time.	
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.	
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.	
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.	
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device.	

4.1.2 Internet Status

This section shows the Internet status information of the router.

^ Internet Status	
Active Link	WWAN1
Uptime	0 days, 00:39:31
IP Address	10.122.74.11/255.255.255.248
Gateway	10.122.74.9
DNS	210.21.4.130 221.5.88.88

Cellular Status		
Item	Description	
Active Link	Show the current active link. WWAN1, WWAN2 or WAN.	
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.	
Router	Show the router address of the current link.	
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.	

4.1.3 LAN Status

This section shows the LAN status information of the router.

^ LAN Status	
IP Address	172.16.24.24/255.255.0.0
MAC Address	34:FA:40:07:38:91

LAN Status	
Item	Description



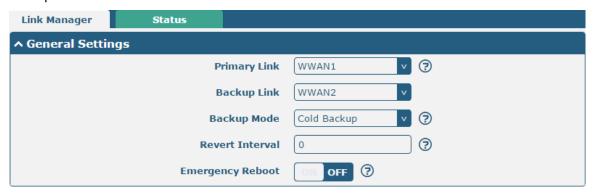
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.



4.2 Interface

4.2.1 Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the link connection. Link management is a network link backup feature that provides backup of mobile networks and Ethernet links.

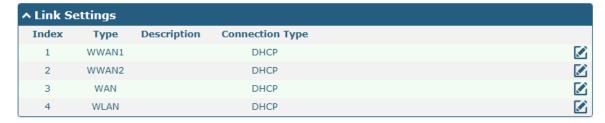


General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "WLAN".	WWAN1
	WWAN1: Select SIM1 as the primary wireless link	
	WWAN2: Select SIM2 as the primary wireless link	
	WAN: Select WAN as the primary wired link	
	WLAN: Select WLAN as the primary wireless link	
	Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi (Optional) .	
Backup Link	Select from "None", "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN", "WLAN" or "None".	WWAN2
	WWAN1: Select SIM1 as backup wireless link	
	WWAN2: Select SIM2 as backup wireless link	
	WAN: Select WAN as the backup wired link	
	WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the backup wireless link	
	Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to 3.10 Interface > WiFi (Optional).	
	None: Do not select any backup link	
Backup Mode	Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing".	Cold
	Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby	Backup
	Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby	
	Note: Warm backup mode is not available for dual SIM backup.	
	Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously	
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is	0
	checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable	
	checking.	
	Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the	OFF
	whole system if no links available.	

Note: Click ? for help.

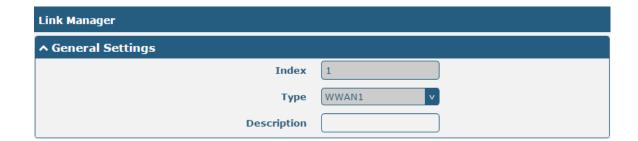


Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1/WWAN2, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.

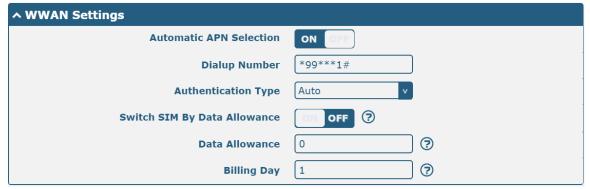


Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2 to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/WWAN2



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.



The window is displayed as below when disabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.



↑ WWAN Settings		
Automatic APN Selection	ON OFF	
APN	internet	
Username		
Password		
Dialup Number	*99***1#	
Authentication Type	Auto	
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	ON OFF ?	
Data Allowance	0	③
Billing Day	1	?
↑ Ping Detection Settings		②
Enable	ON OFF	<u> </u>
Primary Server	8.8.8.8	
Secondary Server	114.114.114	
Interval	300	· ③
	5	()
Retry Interval		
Timeout	3	③
Max Ping Tries	3	?
^ Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable	ON OFF	
	10000	
Upload Bandwidth] ③
Download Bandwidth	10000	
Overrided Primary DNS		
Overrided Secondary DNS		

Debug Enable

Verbose Debug Enable

ON

OFF

Link Settings (WWAN)			
Item Description Default			
General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1	
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null	
WWAN Settings			



Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Automatic APN	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection"	ON
Selection	option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name	
	automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add	
	the access point name.	
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by	internet
	local ISP.	
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Switch SIM By Data	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will	OFF
Allowance	switch to another SIM when the data limit reached.	
	Note: Only used for dual SIM backup.	
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data	0
	traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic	
	record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN	
	Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be	1
	recalculated from that day.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.11
	current connectivity is active.	4.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null



Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF



WAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing "DHCP" as connection type. The window is displayed as below.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.

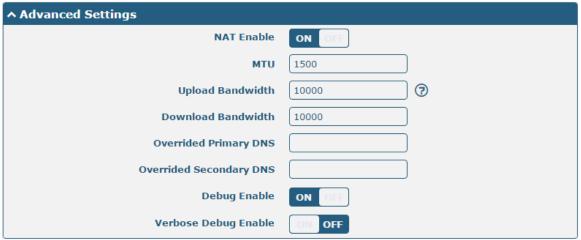


The window is displayed as below when choosing "PPPoE" as the connection type.









Link Settings (WAN)		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WAN
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP", "Static" or "PPPoE".	DHCP
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Set the IP address with Netmask which can access the internet.	Null
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Router	Set the router of the IP address in WAN port.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	PPPoE Settings	
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can enter some	Null
	other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a	
	semicolon.	
Ping Detection Settings		



Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	

WLAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing "DHCP" as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.



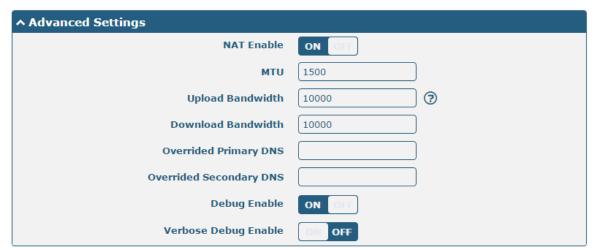


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



R2110 does not support the **PPPoE** WLAN Connection Type.





Link Settings (WLAN)			
Item Description Default			
General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		



Туре	Show the type of the link.	WLAN
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP" or "Static".	DHCP
	WLAN Settings	
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect. SSID	router
	(Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.	
Connect to Hidden SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When router works	OFF
	as Client mode and needs to connect any access point which has hidden	
	SSID, you need to enable this option.	
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your router	Null
	wants to connect.	
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet,	Null
	e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Router	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keepalive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advance Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	

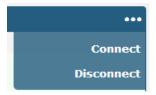


Status

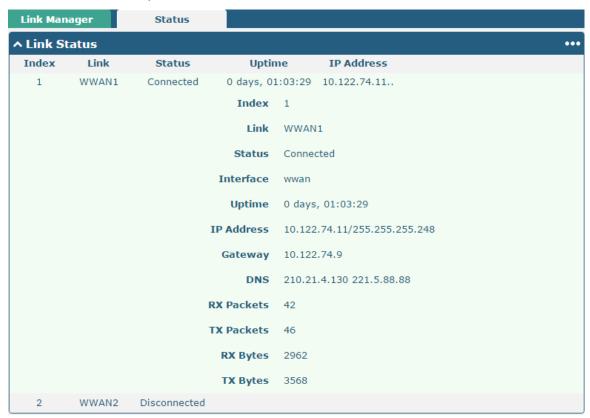
This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.

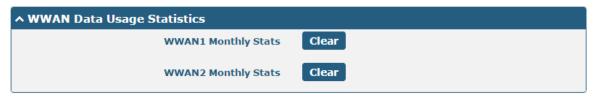


Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.



Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.





Click the Clear button to clear SIM1 or SIM2 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed



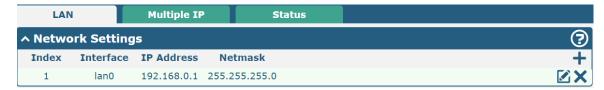
only if enable the Data Allowance function in Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance.

4.2.2 LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There are three LAN ports on R2110 Router, including ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3. The ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3 can freely choose from lan0, lan1 and lan2, but at least one LAN port must be assigned as lan0. The default settings of ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

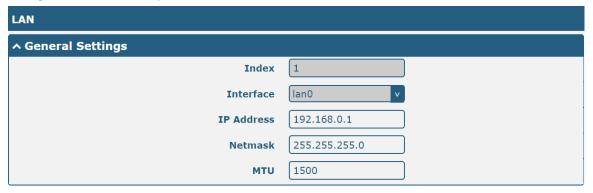
LAN

By default, there is a LAN port (lan0) in the list. To begin adding a new LAN port (lan1), please configure ETH1, ETH2 or ETH3 as lan1 first in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. Otherwise, the operation will be prompted as "List is full".



Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click to delete the current LAN port. Now, click to edit the configuration of the LAN port.



General Settings @ LAN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port.	
	Note: Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of ETH1~ETH3 in	
	Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings.	
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
VLAN ID	Enter the VLAN ID corresponding to the lan interface to divide the eth interface	0
	in the same lan into the same vlan.	



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Relay" as the mode.

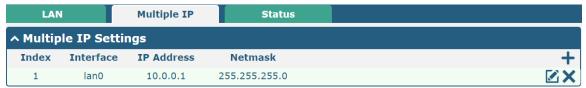


LAN		
Item	Description	Default
	DHCP Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON
Mode	Select from "Server" or "Relay".	Server
	Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been	
	connected to LAN port	
	Relay: Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay	
	tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not	
	in a same subnet	
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased	192.168.0.2
	to DHCP clients.	

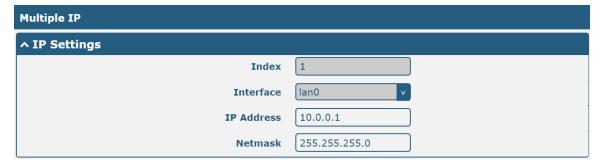


LAN		
Item	Description	Default
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to	192.168.0.100
	DHCP clients.	
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from	255.255.255.0
	DHCP server.	
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null
	DHCP Advanced Settings	
Router	Define the router assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which	Null
	must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.	
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null
	clients.	
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the	Null
	clients.	
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP	Null
	clients from DHCP sever.	
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained	120
	from DHCP server, measured in seconds.	
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address.	Null
	format: mac,ip;mac,ip;, e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200	
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field.	Null
	format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP	OFF
	information output.	

Multiple IP



You may click + to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click \times to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.



IP Settings			
Item	Description	Default	



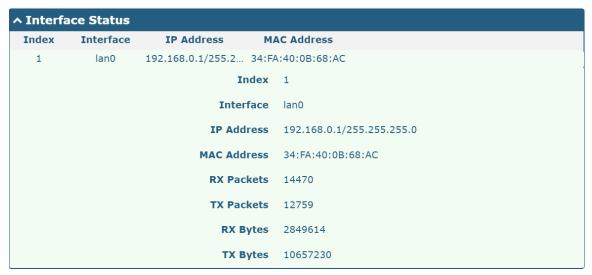
IP Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Interface	Show the editing port, read only.		
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null	
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.



Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.

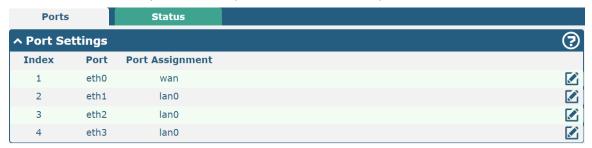


4.2.3 Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are four Ethernet ports on R2110 Router, including ETH0, ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3. The ETH0 on the router can be configured as a WAN port, while ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3 can only be configured as a LAN port. By default, ETH1, ETH2 and ETH3 are lan0, and their IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0. Since lan0 must be assigned to one port and WAN port must be assigned to the ETH0.



This section introduces you to set the parameters of the WAN port.

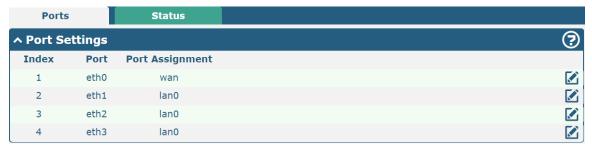


Click button of eth0 to configure its parameters. The port assignment can't be changed by selecting from the drop down list.

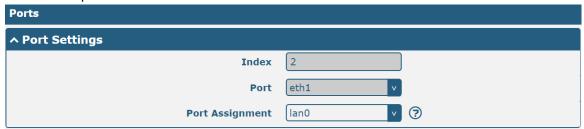


Port Settings			
Item Description C		Default	
Index	ndicate the ordinal of the list.		
Port	Show the editing port, read only.		
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port.	wan	

This section introduces you to set the parameters of the LAN port.



Click button of eth1 or eth2 or eth3 to configure its parameters. The port assignment can be changed by selecting from the drop down list.

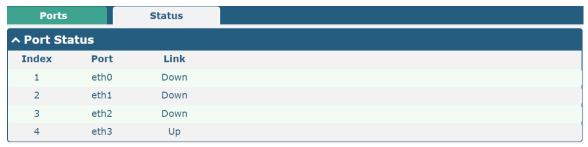


Port Settings			
Item	Description	Default	

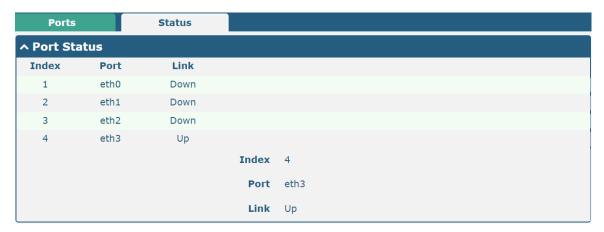


Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Port	Show the editing port, read only.	
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. When setting the	lan0
	port as a LAN port in Interface > LAN > LAN > Network Settings > General Settings,	
	you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0", "lan1" or "lan2".	

This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.



Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



4.2.4 Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R2110 Router has two SIM card slots, but do not support two SIM cards online simultaneously due to its single-module design. If insert single SIM card at the first time, SIM1 slot and SIM2 slots are available.



Click of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.

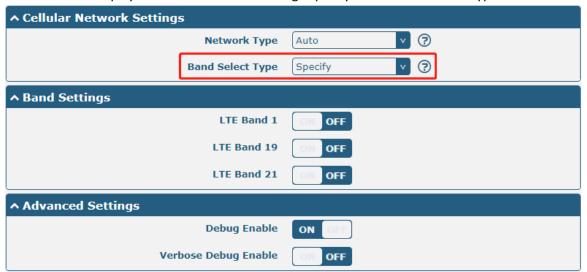




The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Specify" as the band select type.



Cellular				
Item	Default			
	General Settings			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
SIM Card	Set the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1		
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null		
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null		
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null		
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0		



Cellular					
Item	Description				
	Cellular Network Settings				
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "4G Only", "4G First".	Auto			
	Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically				
	4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected				
	4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially				
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing	All			
	"Specify".				
	Advanced Settings				
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON			
	information output.				
Verbose Debug	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF			
Enable	debugging information output.				

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.

Cellular	Statu	AT AT	Debug		
^ Status					
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration	
1	Ready	HL7549	460012148626825	Registered to home network	



Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.

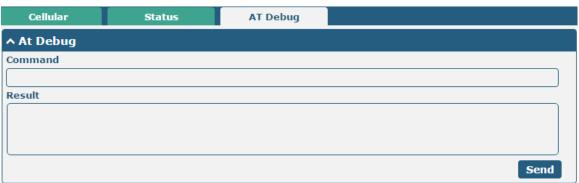
Status				
ndex	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	HL7539	460012148626827	Registered to home network
		Index	1	
		Modem Status	Ready	
		Modem Model	HL7539	
		Current SIM	SIM1	
		Phone Number		
		IMSI	460012148626827	
		ICCID	898601178510231424	14
		Registration	Registered to home ne	twork
		Network Provider	CHN-UNICOM	
		Network Type	LTE	
		Band	1	
		Signal Strength	2 (-109dBm)	
		RSRP	-108 dBm	
		RSRQ	-8.5 dBm	
		Bit Error Rate	4	
		PLMN ID	46001	
		Local Area Code	FFFF	
		Cell ID	06CECE20	
		IMEI	352632070897933	
		Firmware Version	RHL7539.2.8.173700.2	201709291522.x7160_1

Status			
Item	Description		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.		
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.		
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.		
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.		
	Note: This option will be displayed if enter manually in Cellular > Advanced Cellular		
	Settings > SIM1/SIM2 > General Settings > Phone Number.		
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.		
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.		
Registration	Show the current network status.		
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.		
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.		
Band	Show the band of the current network.		



Status			
Item	Description		
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.		
RSRP	Show the Reference Signal Received Power. (Only valid for 4G network)		
RSRQ	Show the Reference Signal Received Quality. (Only valid for 4G network)		
SINR	Show the Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio. (Only valid for 4G network)		
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.		
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.		
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.		
Cell ID	Show the current cell ID used for locating the router.		
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio		
	module.		
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.		

This page allows you to check the AT Debug.



AT Debug				
Item	Description	Default		
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null		
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null		
Send	Click the button to send AT command.			



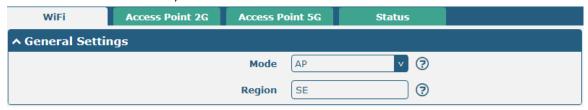
4.2.5 WiFi

This section allows you to configure the parameters of two WiFi modes. Router supports either WiFi AP mode or Client mode, and defaults as AP.

WiFi AP

Configure Router as WiFi AP

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



Note: Please remember to click **Save & Apply** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point 2G** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".





The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP" as the security mode.



General Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi	OFF
	access point option.	
Wireless Mode	Select from "11bgn Mixed", "11b only", "11g only" and	11bgn Mixed
	"11n only".	
	11bgn Mixed: mix three protocols for backward	
	compatibility	
	• 11b only: IEEE 802.11b, 11 Mbps~2.4GHz	
	• 11g only: IEEE 802.11g, 54 Mbps~2.4GHz	
	• 11n only: IEEE 802.11n, 450 Mbps	



General Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Bandwidth	Select from "20 MHz" or "40MHz".	20MHz
	Note: 40 MHz channel width provides twice the data	
	rate available over a single 20 MHz channel;	
	The channel that different bandwidth can choose is as	
	follows.	
	Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until	
	the best one is found	
	• 1~13 channel will be fixed to work with this	
	channel	
	Following are the frequency of 1~13 channel:	
	1–2412 MHz	
	2–2417 MHz	
	3–2422 MHz	
	4–2427 MHz	
	5–2432 MHz	
	6–2437 MHz	
	7–2442 MHz	
	8–2447 MHz	
Channel	9–2452 MHz	Auto
	10–2457 MHz	
	11–2462 MHz	
	12–2467 MHz	
	13–2472 MHz	
	• The frequency of 3~11 channels of 40MHz	
	bandwidth available channel:	
	3–2422 MHz	
	4–2427 MHz	
	5–2432 MHz	
	6–2437 MHz	
	7–2442 MHz	
	8–2447 MHz	
	9–2452 MHz	
	10–2457 MHz	
	11–2462 MHz	
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your	router
	wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of	
	the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able	
	to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32	
	characters.	



General Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being	ON
	broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your	
	SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID.	
	If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to	
	manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	
Security Mode	Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal" or "WEP".	Disabled
	Disabled: User can access the WiFi without	
	password	
	Note: It is strongly recommended for security	
	purposes that you do not choose this kind of	
	mode.	
	WPA-personal: WiFi access protection, only one	
	password is provided for identity authentication	
	WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption	
	for wireless device's data transmission	
WPA Version	Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2".	Auto
	Auto: Router will choose automatically the most	
	suitable WPA version	
	WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA	
Encryption	Select from "TKIP" or "AES".	AES
	TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)	
	encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP	
	encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA	
	802.1x authentication	
	AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection.	
	AES can be used for CCMP WPA-PSK and WPA	
	802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption	
	algorithm than TKIP	
	Note: The security mode will affect wireless	
	communication rate. Different wireless modes support	
	different encryption modes. For example, 802.11n	
	supports neither WEP security mode nor TKIP	
	algorithm. If they are used, the wireless communication	
	rate will reduce to 54Mbps (802.11g mode). It is	
	recommended to select AES in 802.11n mode.	



General Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. When router works	Null
	as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for	
	encryption. A PSK Password is used as a basis for	
	encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN	
	connection. The PSK Password should be complicated	
	and as long as possible. For security reasons, this PSK	
	Password should only be disclosed to users who need it,	
	and it should be changed regularly. Enter 8 to 63	
	characters.	
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
WEP Key	Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26	Null
	hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is	
	used, 64 digits or 128 digits.	

↑ Advanced Settings	
Max Associated Stations	0 3
Beacon Interval	100
DTIM Period	2
RTS Threshold	2347
Fragmentation Threshold	2346
Transmit Rate	Auto
11N Transmit Rate	Auto
Transmit Power	Max
Enable WMM	ON OFF
Enable Short GI	ON OFF 3
Enable AP Isolation	OM OFF ?
Debug Level	none

Advanced Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Max Associated Stations	Set the max number of clients allowed to access the router's AP.	0
	(Value 0 means without limitation)	
Beacon Interval	Set the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon	100
	which is used for wireless network authentication.	
DTIM Period	Set the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP	2
	will multicast the data according to this period.	
RTS Threshold	Set the "request to send" threshold. When the threshold set as	2347
	2347, the router AP will not send detection signal before sending	
	data. And when the threshold set as 0, the router AP will send	



Advanced Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
	detection signal before sending data.	
Fragmentation Threshold	Set the fragmentation threshold of a WiFi AP. It is recommended that	2346
	you use the default value 2346.	
Transmit Rate	Set the transmit rate. You can choose Auto or specify a Transmit	Auto
	Rate, including 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 5.5Mbps, 6Mbps, 11Mbps, 12Mbps,	
	18Mbps, 24Mbps, 36Mbps, 48Mbps and 54Mbps.	
11N Transmit Rate	Specify the transmit rate under the IEEE 802.11n mode or let is	Auto
	default to "Auto". Select from MCS0, MCS1, MCS2, MCS3, MCS4,	
	MCS5, MCS6, MCS7, MCS8, MCS9, MCS10, MCS11, MCS12, MCS13,	
	MCS14 and MCS15.	
Transmit Power	Select from "Max", "High", "Medium" or "Low".	Max
Enable WMM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WMM option.	ON
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval	ON
	option. Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a	
	long buffer time for signal delay. Using the Short GI would increase	
	11% in data rates, but also result in higher packet error rates.	
Enable AP Isolation	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the AP isolation option.	OFF
	When enabled, the router will isolate all connected wireless devices.	
	The wireless device cannot access the router directly via WLAN.	
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "debug", "info", "notice", "warning" or	none
	"none".	





Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.



ACL Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	OFF
ACL Mode	 Select from "Accept" or "Deny". Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" can be allowed Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will be denied Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in "Access Control List" at one time. 	Accept
Access Control List @ Access Point 2G		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null



Click the **Access Point 5G** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".



The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.





The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP" as the security mode.



General Settings @ Access Point 5G			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi	OFF	
	access point option.		
Wireless Mode	Select from "11an", or "11/a/an/ac".	11an	
	• 11an : Compatible IEEE 802.11a, 54 Mbps and IEEE		
	802.11n, 300Mbps		
	• 11n/a/an/ac: Compatible IEEE 802.11a, 54 Mbps \		
	IEEE802.11n 300 Mbps and 802.11ac, 867 Mbps		
Bandwidth	Select from "20MHz", "40MHz" or "80MHz".	20MHz	
	Note : 40 MHz channel width provides twice the data		
	rate available over a single 20 MHz channel; the data		
	transfer rate of 80MHz bandwidth is 4 times greater		
	than that of a single 20Mhz bandwidth.		
	The optional channels for bandwidths are as below.		
	• The frequency of 8~165 channels of 20MHz		
	bandwidth available channels:		
	8–5040 MHz		
	12–5060 MHz		
	16–5080 MHz		
	36–5180 MHz		
Channel	40–5200 MHz	36	
Chamer	44–5220 MHz		
	48–5240 MHz		
	52–5260 MHz		
	56–5280 MHz		
	60–5300 MHz		
	64–5320 MHz		
	100–5500 MHz		
	104–5520 MHz		



	General Settings @ Access Point 5G	
Item	Description	Default
	108–5540 MHz	
	112–5560 MHz	
	116–5580 MHz	
	120–5600 MHz	
	124–5620 MHz	
	128–5640 MHz	
	132–5660 MHz	
	136–5680 MHz	
	140–5700 MHz	
	149–5745 MHz	
	153–5765 MHz	
	157–5785 MHz	
	161–5805 MHz	
	165–5825 MHz	
	• The frequency of 38~159 channels of 40MHz	
	bandwidth available channels:	
	38–5190 MHz	
	42–5210 MHz	
	46–5230 MHz	
	54–5270 MHz	
	62–5310 MHz	
	102–5510 MHz	
	110–5550 MHz	
	118–5590 MHz	
	126–5630 MHz	
	134–5670 MHz	
	142–5710 MHz	
	151–5755 MHz	
	159–5795 MHz	
	• The frequency of 42~155 channels of 80MHz	
	bandwidth available channels:	
	42–5210 MHz	
	58–5290 MHz	
	106–5530 MHz	
	122–5610 MHz	
	138–5690 MHz	
	155–5775 MHz	
	Note: All available channels of 5GHz WiFi in different	
	bandwidths are listed above. Web parameters should	
	be configured due to the different available channels in	
	different countries and areas.	



General Settings @ Access Point 5G			
Item	Item Description		
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32 characters.	router	
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID. If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	ON	
Security Mode	 Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal", or "WEP". Disabled: User can access the WiFi without password Note: It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you do not choose this kind of mode. WPA-personal: WiFi access protection, only one password is provided for identity authentication WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption for wireless device's data transmission 	Disabled	
WPA Version	 Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2". Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable WPA version WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA 	Auto	
Encryption	 Select from "TKIP" or "AES". TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for CCMP WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP Note: The security mode will affect wireless communication rate. Different wireless modes support different encryption modes. For example, 802.11n supports neither WEP security mode nor TKIP algorithm. If they are used, the wireless communication rate will reduce to 54Mbps (802.11g mode). It is recommended to select AES in 802.11n mode. 	TKIP	



General Settings @ Access Point 5G		
Item	Description	Default
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. When router works	Null
	as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for	
	encryption. A PSK Password is used as a basis for	
	encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN	
	connection. The PSK Password should be complicated	
	and as long as possible. For security reasons, this PSK	
	Password should only be disclosed to users who need it,	
	and it should be changed regularly. Enter 8 to 63	
	characters.	
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
WEP Key	Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26	Null
	hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is	
	used, 64 digits or 128 digits.	

^ Advanced Settings			
Max Associated Stations	0		
Beacon Interval	100		
DTIM Period	2		
RTS Threshold	2347		
Fragmentation Threshold	2346		
Transmit Rate	Auto		
11N Transmit Rate	Auto		
Transmit Power	Max		
Enable WMM	ON OFF		
Enable Short GI	ON OFF 3		
Enable AP Isolation	OM OFF ?		
Debug Level	none		

Advanced Settings @ Access Point 5G			
Item	Description	Default	
Max Associated Stations	Set the max number of clients allowed to access the router's AP.	0	
	(Value 0 means without limitation)		
Beacon Interval	Set the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon	100	
	which is used for wireless network authentication.		
DTIM Period	Set the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP	2	
	will multicast the data according to this period.		
RTS Threshold	Set the "request to send" threshold. When the threshold set as	2347	
	2347, the router AP will not send detection signal before sending		
	data. And when the threshold set as 0, the router AP will send		



Advanced Settings @ Access Point 5G			
Item	Description	Default	
	detection signal before sending data.		
Fragmentation Threshold	Set the fragmentation threshold of a WiFi AP. It is recommended that	2346	
	you use the default value 2346.		
Transmit Power	Select from "Max", "High", "Medium" or "Low".	Max	
Enable WMM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WMM option.	ON	
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval	ON	
	option. Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a		
	long buffer time for signal delay. Using the Short GI would increase		
	11% in data rates, but also result in higher packet error rates.		
Enable AP Isolation	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the AP isolation option.	OFF	
	When enabled, the router will isolate all connected wireless devices.		
	The wireless device cannot access the router directly via WLAN.		
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "debug", "info", "notice", "warning" or	none	
	"none".		

Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.



ACL Settings @ Access Point 5G		
Item	Description	Default
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	OFF
ACL Mode	Select from "Accept" or "Deny".	Accept
	Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" can be allowed	
	Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control	
	List" will be denied	
	Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in	
	"Access Control List" at one time.	
Access Control List @ Access Point 5G		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null

This section allows you to view the status of AP.



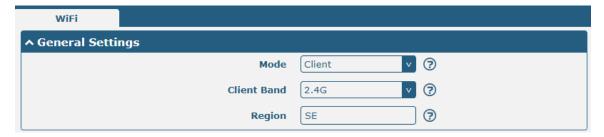


Note: WiFi is off by default. Follow the steps below to enable it and configure the router as WiFi client.

WiFi Client

Configure Router as WiFi Client

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "Client" as the mode and regarding the AP type to choose the related Client Band then click "Submit".



And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.

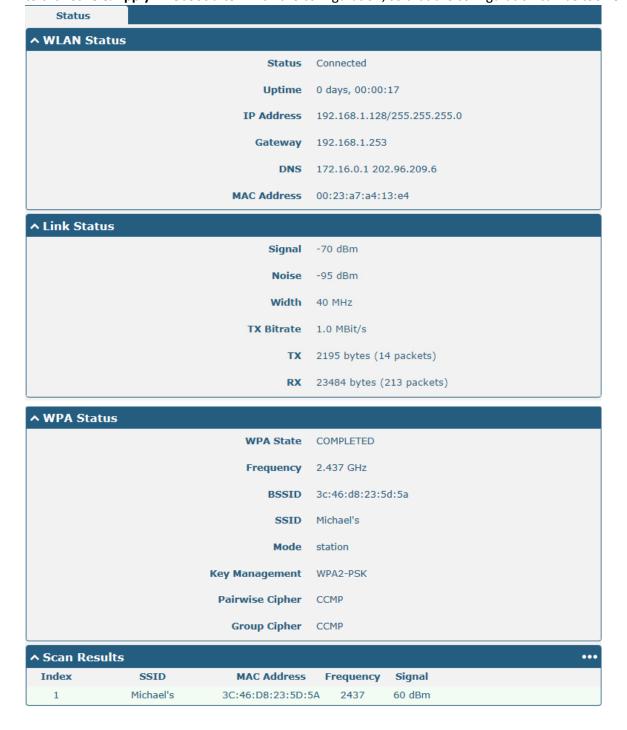




Click Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure its related parameters.

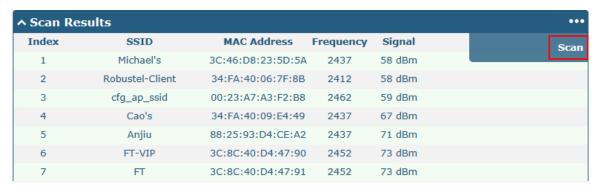
↑ WLAN Settings	
SSID	Robustel
Connect to Hidden SSID	ON OFF
Password	•••••

Click **Interface > WLAN** to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client. Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.





This window allows you to scan for all available SSIDs in your area and connect to one of those shown on the "Scan Results" list.



4.2.6 USB

This section allows you to set the USB parameters. The USB interface of the router can be used for firmware upgrade and configuration upgrade.



General Settings @ USB		
Item	Item Description	
Enable USB	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the USB option.	ON
Enable Automatic	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to automatically	OFF
Upgrade	update the firmware of the router when inserting a USB storage device with a	
	router firmware.	

Router has the key for USB automatic update. User can generate the key in this page.



Кеу		
Item	Item Description Description	
USB Automatic Update	Click Generate to generate a key, and click Download to download the key.	
Key		

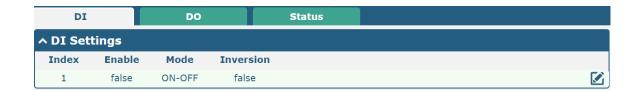
RT044_UG_R2110_v.1.0.6 May 28, 2021 73/160



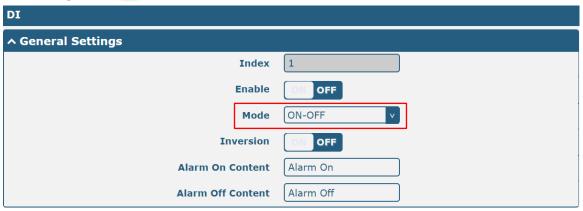
4.2.7 DI/DO

This section allows you to set the DI/DO parameters. Digital Input and Digital Output are the specific interfaces for R2110. The DI interface can be used for triggering alarm, while the DO can be used for controlling the slave device so as to realize real-time monitoring.

DI



Click the right-most button of index 1 as below. The default mode is "ON-OFF".



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Counter" as the mode.



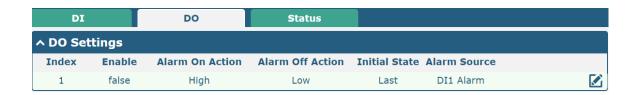
General Settings @ DI				
Item	Item Description Defau			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.			
Enable	Enable Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DI.			
Mode	Select from "ON-OFF" or "Counter".	ON-OFF		



General Settings @ DI		
Item	Description	Default
	ON-OFF: DI interface support ON and OFF mode (high or low level electrical) trigger DI alarm. The mode default to ON, and OFF mode is available only when enabling the inversion feature ON—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI interface open from GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1), on the contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface connect to GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0) OFF—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI	
Inversion	 interface connect to GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0), on the contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface open from GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1) Counter: Event counter mode Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to set DI mode as 	OFF
IIIVEISIOII	OFF mode.	OFF
Threshold Value	Set the threshold vale. It will trigger alarm when event counter reaches this figure. After triggering alarm, DI will keep counting but not trigger alarm again. Enter 0 to 65535 digits. (0=will not trigger alarm) Note: This option is only available when DI under the "Counter" mode.	Null
Alarm On Content	Show the content when alarm on.	Alarm On
Alarm Off Content	Show the content when alarm off.	Alarm Off

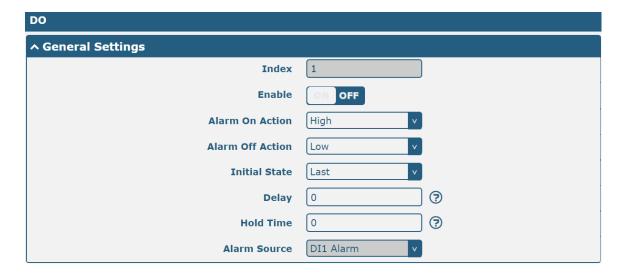
Note: It defaults as high alarm, while turns to low alarm after enabling the "Inversion" button.

DO



Click to enter the DO configuration window.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm on action.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm off action.



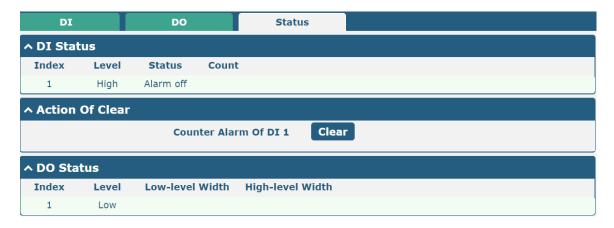


General Settings @ DO		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DO.	OFF
Alarm On Action	Digital Output initiates when there is an alarm. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse".	High
	High: a high electrical level output	
	Low: a low electrical level output	
	 Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered 	
Alarm Off	Digital Output initiates when alarm removed. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse".	Low
Action	High: a high electrical level output	
	Low: a low electrical level output	
	Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered	
Initial State	Specify the Digital Output status when powered on. Selected from "Last", "High" or	Low
	"Low".	
	Last: DO's status will consist with the status of last power off	
	High: DO interface is in high electrical level	
	Low: DO interface is in low electrical level	
Delay	Set the delay time for DO alarm start-up. The first pulse will be generated after a	0
	"Delay". Enter from 0 to 300000ms. (0=generate pulse without delay)	
Hold Time	Set the hold time of DO status (Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action). When the action time reach this specified time, DO will stop the action. Enter from 0 to 3000 seconds. (0=keep on until the next action)	0
Low-level Width	Set the low-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On Action/Alarm	10
LOW-level Width	Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a	10
	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low level widths are	
High lavel	specified here. Enter from 1 to 3000 ms.	10
High-level	Set the high-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On	10
Width	Action/Alarm Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel	
	will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The high level	
	widths are specified here. Enter from 1 to 3000 ms.	
Alarm Source	Digital Output initiates according to different alarm source. Selected only "DI1 Alarm".	DI1
	DI1 Alarm: Digital Output triggers the related action when there is alarm from Digital	Alarm
	Input.	

Status

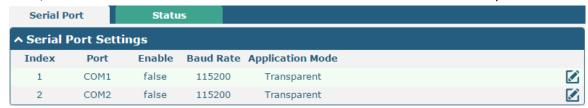
This window allows you to view the status of DO and DI interface. It also can clear the counter alarm of DI in here. Click Clear button to clear DI1 monthly usage statistics info for counter alarm.



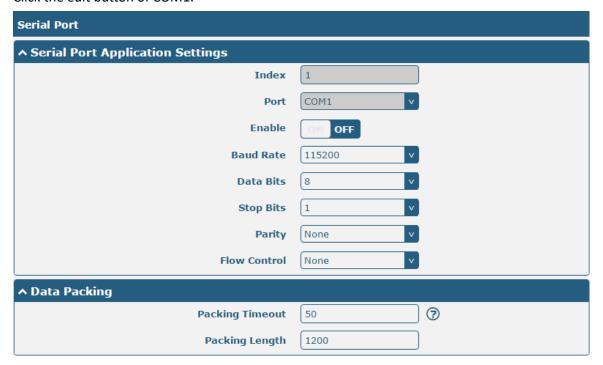


4.2.8 Serial Port

This section allows you to set the serial port parameters. R2110 Router supports one COM1 and one COM2, also can be configured as either two COM1 or two COM2. Serial port provides a way to transfer serial data to IP data, or vice versa, and transmit these data via wired or wireless network to achieve data transparent transmission.



Click the edit button of COM1.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.

^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Transparent
Protocol	TCP Server v
Local IP	
Local Port	

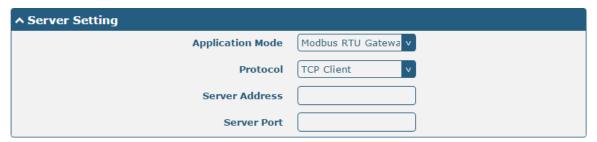
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.

^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Transparent
Protocol	UDP
Local IP	
Local Port	
Server Address	
Server Port	

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "Robustlink" as the protocol.

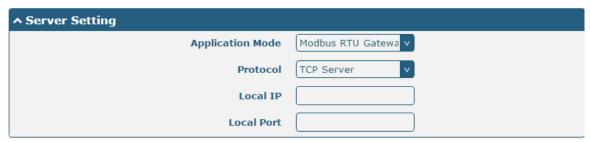


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Router" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.

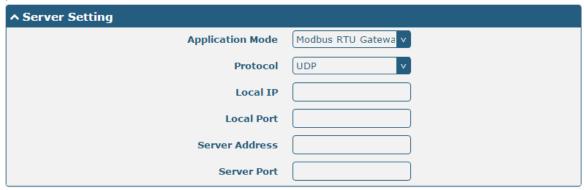




The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Router" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.



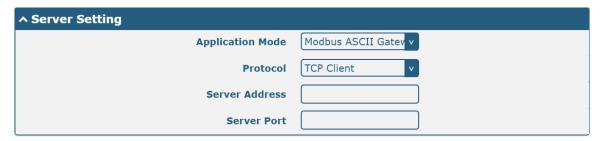
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Router" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Router" as the application mode and "Robustlink" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus ASCII Router" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus ASCII Router" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.



^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	TCP Server v
Local IP	
Local Port	

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus ASCII Router" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.

^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	UDP v
Local IP	
Local Port	
Server Address	
Server Port	

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus ASCII Router" as the application mode and "Robustlink" as the protocol.



Serial Port		
Item	Description	Default
	Serial Port Application Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Port	Show the current serial's name, read only.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this serial port. When the status is OFF,	OFF
	the serial port is not available.	
Baud Rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400",	115200
	"57600" , "115200" or "230400".	
Data Bits	Select from "7" or "8".	8
Stop Bits	Select from "1" or "2".	1
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" or "Even".	None
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" or "Hardware".	None
	Data Packing	
Packing Timeout	Set the packing timeout. The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and	50
	send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval	
	Timeout in the field.	
	Note : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length even when data is	

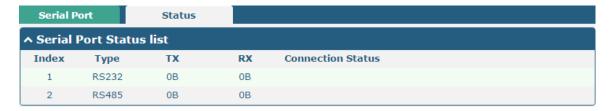


Serial Port		
Item	Item Description	
Serial Port Application Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list	
	not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	
Packing Length	Set the packet length. The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount	1200
	of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending.	
	When a packet length between 1 and 3000 bytes is specified, data in the buffer	
	will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	

Server Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Application Mode	 Select from "Transparent", "Modbus RTU Router" or "Modbus ASCII Router". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently Modbus RTU Router: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa Modbus ASCII Router: Router will translate the Modbus ASCII data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa 	Transparent
Protocol	 Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server", "UDP" or "Robustlink". TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client UDP: Router works as UDP client Robustlink: Router will automatically upload the serial data to Robustlink platform under the Robustlink protocol. Robustlink is a management platform from Robustel. This function only available when Router is connects to Robustlink 	TCP Client
Server Address	Enter the address of server which will receive the data sent from router's serial port. IP address or domain name will be available.	Null
Server Port	Enter the specified port of server which is used for receiving the serial data.	Null
Local IP @ Transparent	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port @ Transparent	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Local IP @ Modbus	Enter the local IP of under Modbus mode.	Null
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the local port of under Modbus mode.	Null

Click the "Status" column to view the current serial port type.





4.3 Network

4.3.1 Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network.

Static Route



Click + to add static route. The maximum count is 20.



Static Route			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description	Enter a description for this route.	Null	
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Router	Define the router of the destination.	Null	
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan	

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Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.

Static Ro	ute Sta	atus				
^ Route 1	able					
Index	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric	
1	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.122.74.9	wwan	0	
2	10.122.74.8	255.255.255.248	0.0.0.0	wwan	0	
3	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0	



4.3.2 Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping, Custom Rules, DMZ and Status.

Filtering

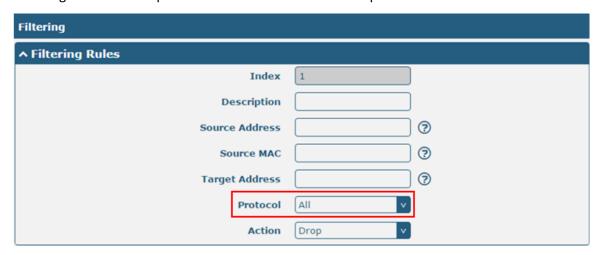
The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.



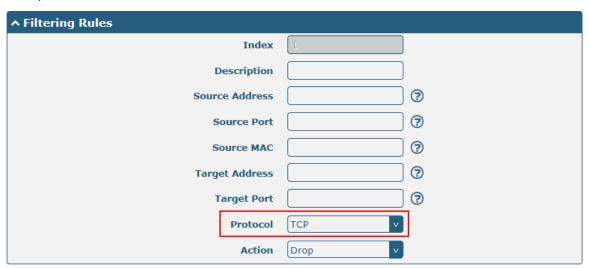
Click + to add filtering rules. The maximum count is 20. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or



choosing "ICMP" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.



Filtering			
Item	Description	Default	
	General Settings		
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON	
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering	Accept	
	rules table is not empty.		
	Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the		
	hosts which fit the drop filter list		
	Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the		
	hosts which fit the accept filter list		
Access Control Settings			
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF	
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.		
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON	
	the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.		



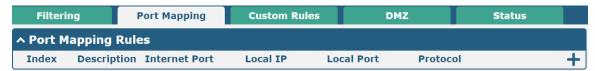
	Filtering	
Item	Description	Default
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the	
	Internet.	
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a	
	machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	
Enable Remote IP	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
Forwarding	the Internet date can forward via router.	
Enable Console	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the user can access the router via Console.	
Enable the vpn_nat traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the router automatically modifies the IP address of the VPN header	
	received by WAN/WWAN to the IP address of the device under LAN	
	port and sends it out.	
	Whitelist Rules	1
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this whitelist rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null
	are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
	Filtering Rules	1
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null
	are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Enter the MAC address of the defined source IP address.	Null
Target Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are	Null
	defined by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Protocol	Select from "All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP".	All
	Note : It is recommended that you choose "All" if you don't know	
	which protocol of your application to use.	



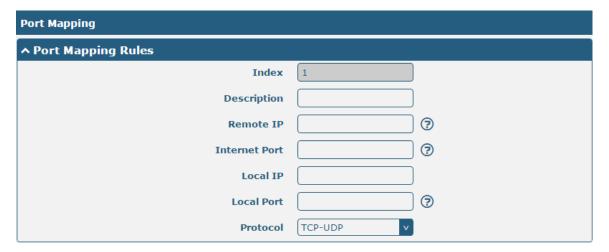
Filtering			
Item	Description	Default	
Action	Select from "Accept" or "Drop".	Drop	
	Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all		
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept		
	filtering list		
	Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all		
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop		
	filtering list		

Port Mapping

Port mapping is defined manually in routers, and all data received from certain ports of the public network is forwarded to a certain port of an IP in the intranet. Click **Network > Firewall > Port Mapping** to display as follows:



Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 50.



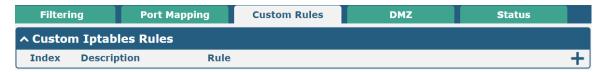
Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access to the local IP address.	Null
	Empty means unlimited. e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255 or	
	192.168.1.0/24	
Internet Port	Set the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from	Null
	internet.	
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null



Port Mapping Rules			
Item	Description	Default	
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null	
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UDP	

Custom Rules

"Custom Rules" meets customer's demand for personal filtering of IP package, filter data usage of a website for example. Users can add any iptables rules which meet the iptables rule format standard in this list.



Click + to add custom rules. The maximum rule count is 50.



Custom Iptables Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this custom rule.	Null
Rule	Specify one custom rule.	Null

DMZ

DMZ (Demilitarized Zone), namely the isolation zone, also known as the demilitarized zone. It is a buffer between a non-security system and a security system in order to solve the problem that the access users of the external network cannot access the internal network server after installing the firewall. The DMZ host is an intranet host that has open access to all ports except those occupied and forwarded.

Click "Network > Firewall > DMZ" to display as follows:

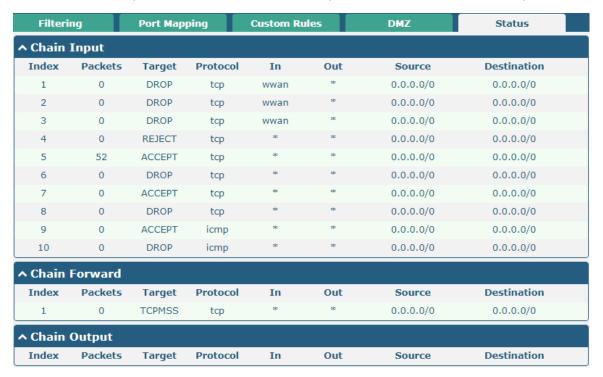




DMZ Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the	OFF
	internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise	
	forwarded.	
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. 0.0.0.0 means for any	Null
	addresses.	

Status

This window allows you to view the status of chain input, chain forward and chain output.



4.3.3 IP Passthrough

Click **Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough** to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.



If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.



4.4 VPN

4.4.1 IPsec

This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

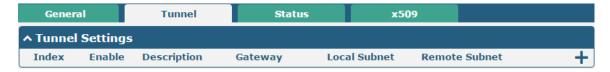
Click Virtual Private Network > IPsec > General to set IPsec parameters

General



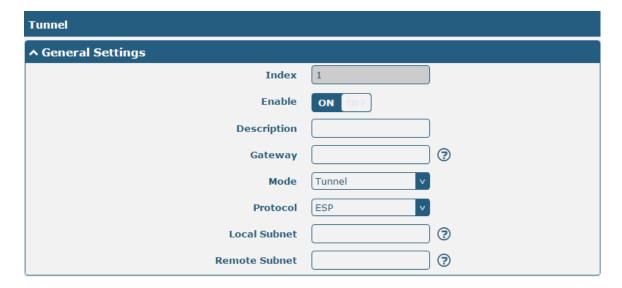
General Settings @ General			
Item	Description	Default	
Keepalive	Set the keepalive time, measured in seconds. The router will send packets to NAT server every keepalive time to avoid record remove from the NAT list.	60	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN information output to the debug port.	OFF	

Tunnel



Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 6.





General Settings @ Tunnel		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null
Router	Enter the address of remote side IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 represents for any	Null
	address.	
Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".	Tunnel
	Tunnel: Commonly used between routers, or at an end-station to a router,	
	the router acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it	
	Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a	
	router, if the router is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted	
	Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the	
	actual destination	
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".	ESP
	ESP: Use the ESP protocol	
	AH: Use the AH protocol	
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g.	Null
	192.168.1.0/24	
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null
Link binding	Select the link to build IPsec.	Unbound

The window is displayed as below when choosing "PSK" as the authentication type.



^ IKE Settings	
ІКЕ Туре	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	PSK v
PSK Secret	
Local ID Type	Default
Remote ID Type	Default
IKE Lifetime	86400

The window is displayed as below when choosing "CA" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth PSK" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.

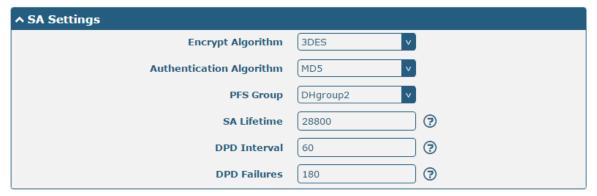
^ IKE Settings	
ІКЕ Туре	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2
Authentication Type	xAuth CA v
Private Key Password	
Username	3
Password	?
IKE Lifetime	86400

IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
IKE Type	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".	IKEv1
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1.	Main
	If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE	
	negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as	
	long as the username and password are correct.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE	MD5
Algorithm	negotiation.	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be used in IKE	3DES
	negotiation.	
	3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
IKE DH Group	Select from "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14",	DHgroup2
	"DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in key	
	negotiation phase 1.	
Authentication Type	Select from "PSK", "CA", "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" to be used in IKE	PSK
	negotiation.	
	PSK: Pre-shared Key	
	CA: Certification Authority	
	xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server	
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default
	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com	



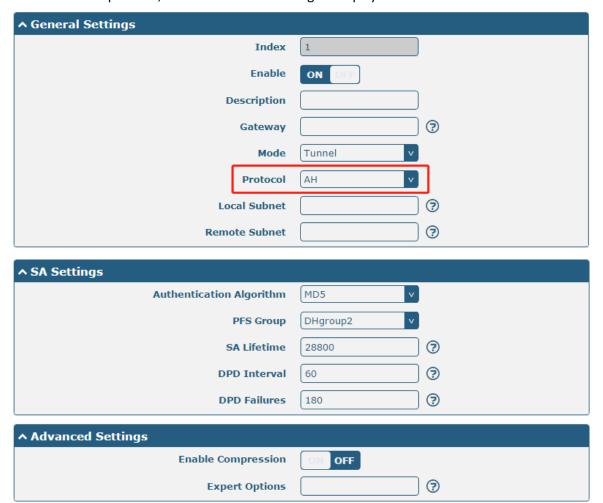
IKE Settings		
Item	Description	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com	
Remote ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default
	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com	
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new	86400
	SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old	
	one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.





If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.



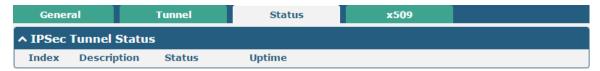
SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" or "AES256" when you select "ESP"	3DES
	in "Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and	
	lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when	
	high confidentiality and security are required.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA	MD5
Algorithm	negotiation.	
PFS Group	Select from "PFS (N/A)", "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5",	DHgroup2
	"DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18"	
	to be used in SA negotiation.	
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating to set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the	28800
	smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by	
	the peer.	
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is	60
	received from the peer. DPD is a Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly	
	detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD	
	checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time	
	exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end	



SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default
	receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission	
	interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD	
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of	
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the	
	IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.	
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	180
Advanced Settings		
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress	OFF
	the inner headers of IP packets.	
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc,	Null
	e.g. protostack=netkey; plutodebug=none	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.



x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1
Local Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from local computer, and	Null
	then import this file into your router.	
Remote Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from remote computer,	Null

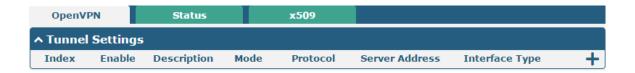


x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
	and then import this file into your router.	
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file.	Null
	Certificate Files	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

4.4.2 OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

OpenVPN





Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3. The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type. By default, the mode is "Client".

↑ General Settings	
Index	i
Enable	ON OFF
Description	
Mode	Client
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	None
Renegotiation Interval	86400
Keepalive Interval	20
Keepalive Timeout	120
Enable Compression	ON OFF
Enable NAT	Off OFF
Verbose Level	0 7

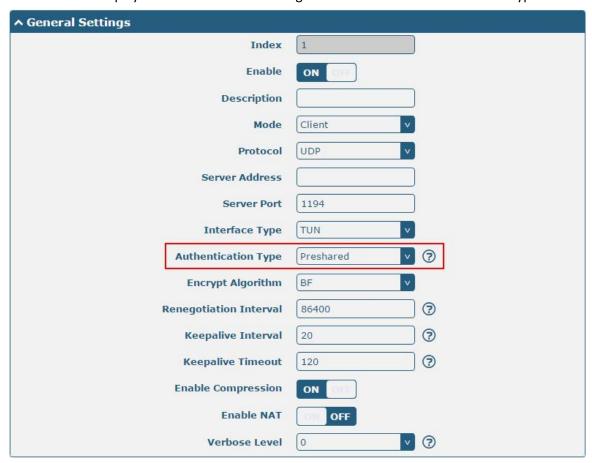


The window is displayed as below when choosing "P2P" as the mode.

^ General Settings	
Index	1
Enable	ON DEE
Description	
Mode	P2P V
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Interface Type	TUN
Authentication Type	None ?
Local IP	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	10.8.0.2
Keepalive Interval	20 😨
Keepalive Timeout	120
Enable Compression	ON OFF
Enable NAT	OFF OFF
Verbose Level	0 ?

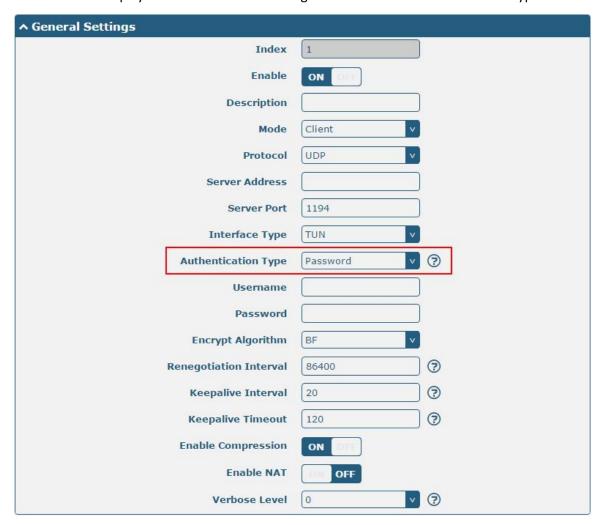


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Preshared" as the authentication type.



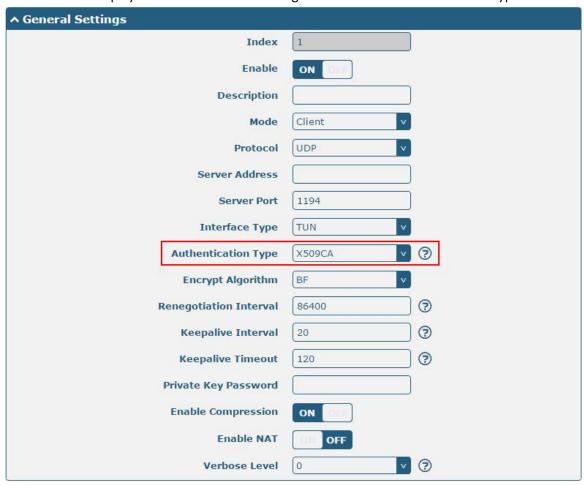


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Password" as the authentication type.



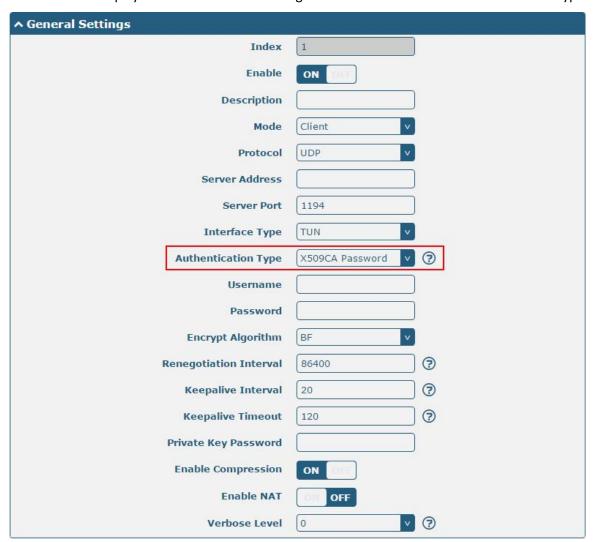


The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null
Mode	Select from "P2P" or "Client".	Client
Protocol	Select from "UDP", "TCP-Client" or "TCP-Server".	UDP
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN	Null
	server.	
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listener port of the OpenVPN	1194
	server.	
Interface Type	Select from "TUN", "TAP" which are two different kinds of device	TUN
	interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is	
	that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a	
	TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "Preshared", "Password", "X509CA" and "X509CA	None
	Password".	
	Note: "None" and "Preshared" authentication type are only working	
	with P2P mode.	
Username	Enter the username used for "Password" or "X509CA Password"	Null
	authentication type.	
Password	Enter the password used for "Password" or "X509CA Password"	Null
	authentication type.	
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "BF", "DES", "DES-EDE3", "AES128", "AES192" and	BF
	"AES256".	
	BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
Renegotiation	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will	86400
Interval	renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass	120
	without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the "X509CA" and "X509CA	Null
	Password" authentication type.	
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON
	compress the data stream of the header.	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When	OFF
	enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised	
	before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	
Verbose Level	Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11.	0
	0: No output except fatal errors	
	• 1~4: Normal usage range	
	5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read	
	and write	
	• 6~11: Debug info range	

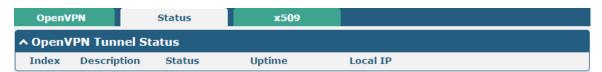




Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional	OFF
	layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect	
	against DoS attacks.	
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an	OFF
	exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe	
	personal identity information.	
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer	OFF
	certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be	Null
	separated by a ';'.	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the OpenVPN in this section.







x509			
Item	Description	Default	
X509 Settings			
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1	
Root CA	Click on "Choose File" to locate the root ca file, and then import this file into your router.	Null	
Certificate File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file, and then import this file into your router.		
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file, and then import this file into your router.		
TLS-Auth Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the tls-auth key file, and then import this file into your router.		
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the pkcs#12 certificate file, and then import this file into your router.		
Pre-Share Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the pre-share key file, and then import this file into your router.		
Certificate Files			
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null	
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null	
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null	

4.4.3 GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.

GRE



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Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 5.



Tunnel Settings @ GRE			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON	
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null	
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null	
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null	
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null	
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null	
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all	OFF	
	the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.		
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be	Disable	
	enabled when router under NAT environment.		
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of GRE tunnel.





4.5 Services

4.5.1 Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the "Log to Remote" option is disabled.



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.



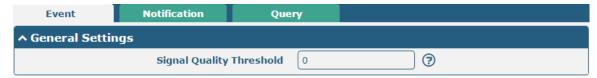
Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to	Debug
	high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	
Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM", "NVM" or "Console". Choose "RAM", the	RAM
	data will be cleared after reboot.	
	Note: It's not recommended that saving syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory)	
	for a long time.	
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router	OFF
	sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of	
	the syslog server.	
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add	OFF
	serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	



Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514

4.5.2 **Event**

This section allows you to set the router events. It can be configured to send event alarms for SMS, or it can report router events through SNMP-TRAP and RobustLink.



General Settings @ Event			
Item	Description	Default	
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when	0	
	the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable		
	this option.		



Click + button to add an Event parameters.





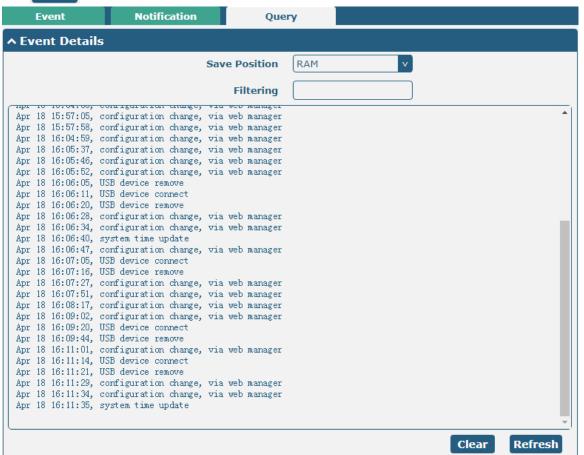
↑ Event Selection	②
System Startup	OH OFF
System Reboot	ON OFF
System Time Update	ON OFF
Configuration Change	OH OFF
Cellular Network Type Change	OM OFF
Cellular Data Stats Clear	OH OFF
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow	OH OFF
Poor Signal Quality	OH OFF
Link Switching	OH OFF
WAN Up	ON OFF
WAN Down	ON OFF
WLAN Up	OH OFF
WLAN Down	OM OFF
WWAN Up	OH OFF
WWAN Down	OFF
IPSec Connection Up	OH OFF
IPSec Connection Down	OM OFF
OpenVPN Connection Up	ON OFF
OpenVPN Connection Down	ON OFF
LAN Port Link Up	OH OFF
LAN Port Link Down	OFF OFF
USB Device Connect	OH OFF
USB Device Remove	OFF
DDNS Update Success	OH OFF
DDNS Update Fail	OH OFF
Received SMS	ON OFF
SMS Command Execute	OFF
DI 1 ON	OH OFF
DI 1 OFF	ON OFF
DI 1 Counter Overflow	OH OFF

General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	



Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the	
	related phone number in "3.24 Services > Email", and use ';'to separate each	
	number.	
Phone Number	Enter the phone numbers used for receiving event notification. Use a semicolon (;)	Null
	to separate each number.	
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related	
	email address in "3.24 Services > Email".	
Email Addresses	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to	Null
	separate each address.	
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to	OFF
	nonvolatile memory.	

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.



Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM".	RAM
	RAM: Random-access memory	
	NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	



Filter Message	Event will be filtered according to the Filter Message that the user set. Click the	Null
	"Refresh" button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to	
	separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	

4.5.3 NTP

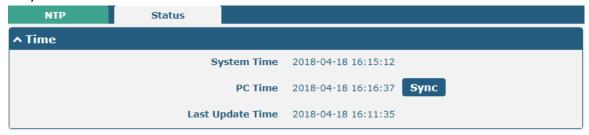
This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.



NTP			
Item	Description	Default	
	Timezone Settings		
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	UTC +08:00	
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment	Null	
	variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.		
	NTP Client Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON	
	synchronize time with the NTP server.		
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null	
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) which NTP client synchronize the time from	0	
	NTP server. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only		
	once.		
	NTP Server Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable the NTP server option.	OFF	



This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with PC's.



4.5.4 SMS

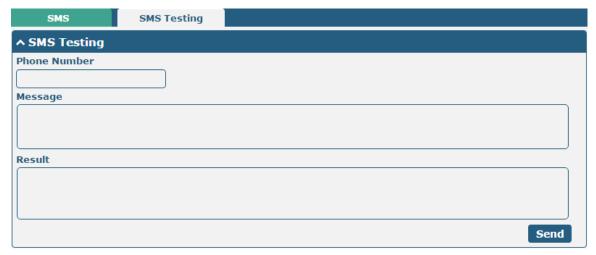
This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **4.2.2 SMS Remote Control**.



SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option.	ON
	Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".	Password
	Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for	
	authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management section.	
	Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authenticating, and user should set	
	the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User	
	should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The	
	format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each	Null
	number.	
	Note : It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.	



User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.



SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	

4.5.5 Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.



Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF



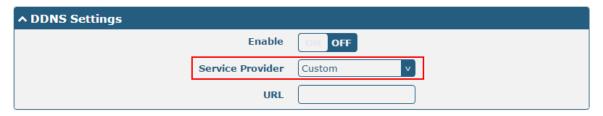
Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't	10
	receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

4.5.6 DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.



When "Custom" service provider chosen, the window is displayed as below.

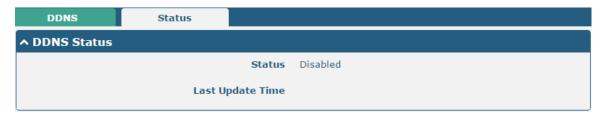


DDNS Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP", "3322" or	DynDNS



	"Custom".	
	Note: the DDNS service only can be used after registered by	
	Corresponding service provider.	
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.



DDNS Status		
Item Description		
Status Display the current status of the DDNS.		
Last Update Time Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.		

4.5.7 SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.



SSH Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can	OFF
	access the router via SSH.	
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you	OFF
	cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this	
	case, only the key can be used for login.	





Import Authorized Keys	
Item Description	
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then
click "Import" to import this key into your router.	
	Note: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.

4.5.8 GPS

This section is used to configure the parameters of GPS. The GPS function of R2110 router can locate and acquire the location information of the device and report it to the designated server.



GPS		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to ON to enable GPS.	OFF
Synchronized GPS Time	Click the toggle button to ON to synchronize GPS time.	OFF
RS232 Report Data Settings		
Reporting data through RS232	Reporting GPS Information by RS232.	OFF
Reporting GGA	Reporting GGA Information.	OFF



GPS		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Information		
Reporting VTG Information	Reporting VTG Information.	OFF
Reporting RMC Information	Reporting RMC Information.	OFF
Reporting GSV Information	Reporting GSV Information.	OFF

Click the Add button in the GPS server window, and the protocol defaults to "TCP Client" as follows:



When selecting "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window appears as follows:





When selecting "UDP" as the protocol, the window appears as follows:

↑ Server Settings	
Index	1
Enable	ON OFF
Protocol	UDP
Server Address	
Server Port	
Send GGA Sentence	ON OFF
Send VTG Sentence	ON OFF
Send RMC Sentence	ON OFF
Send GSV Sentence	ON OFF

GPS Data Forwarding Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to "ON" to enable the GPS data forwarding settings.	ON
Protocol	 Select "TCP client", "TCP server" or "UDP" as the protocol. TCP Client: When the router acts as a TCP client, it starts up with the TCP server (GPS server). The address of the server supports both IP and domain name. TCP server: The router acts as a TCP server (GPS server) and listens for connection requests from TCP clients. UDP: Router as a UDP client. 	TCP Client
Server address @TCP client	Set the address of the TCP server.	Null
Server port @TCP client	Set the port of the remote TCP server	Null
Local address	Set the local address of the router as a TCP server.	Null
Local port	Set the local port of the router as a TCP server.	Null
Server address @UDP	Set the address of the TCP server	Null
Server port @UDP	Set the port of the remote TCP server.	Null
Send GGA information	Send GGA information in NMEA format	OFF
Send VTG information	Send VTG information in NMEA format	OFF
Send RMC	Send RMC information in NMEA format	OFF



GPS Data Forwarding Settings		
Item Description Default		Default
information		
Send GSV information	Send GSV information in NMEA format	OFF

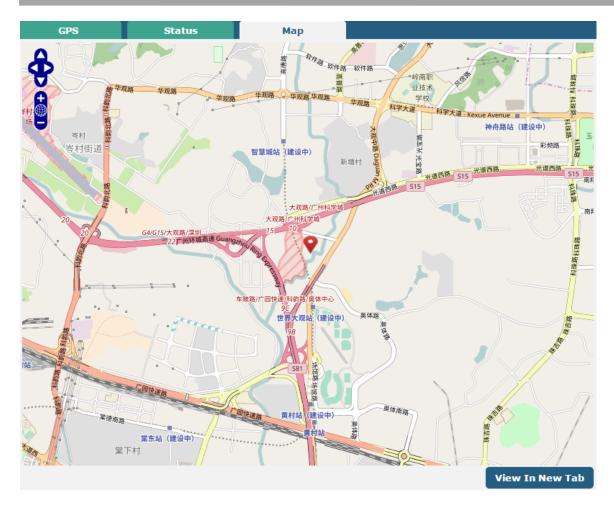
Click the Status bar to view the current GPS status of the router;



GPS Status	
Item	Description
Status	Shows the current GPS status of the router.
итс	Shows the UTC of satellite. Note: UTC is the world's unified time, not local time.
Final positioning time	The time of the last successful positioning.
Number of satellites used	Number of satellites used
Number of visible satellites	Number of visible satellites
Latitude	Shows the Latitude information of the router.
Longitude	Shows the longitude information of the router.
Height	Shows the height information of the router.
Speed	Shows the speed information of the router.

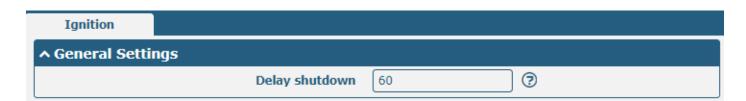
Click the Map bar to view the current geolocation of the router.





4.5.9 Ignition

This section is used to configure the parameters of Ignition.

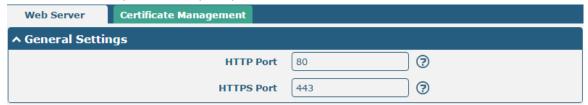


General Settings		
Item Description Default		Default
Waiting time Enter the time in seconds you want to delay power down. The timeout for delayed power down is 60 seconds to 3600 seconds.		60



4.5.10 Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



General Settings @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web Server.	80
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web Server. Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	443



This section allows you to import the certificate file into the router.



Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA
	CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center	
	Private Key: a private key file	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this file into your router.	

4.5.11 Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.



System Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid	router
	characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "OpenVPN" or	None
	"IPsec".	
	None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off	
	SIM: show the sim status.	
	OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status	
	IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status	
	Note: For more details about USR indicator, see "2.2 LED Indicators".	





Reboot		
Item	Description	Default
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router, you should follow the format as HH:	Null
	MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means	
	disable.	

4.5.12 Smart Roaming

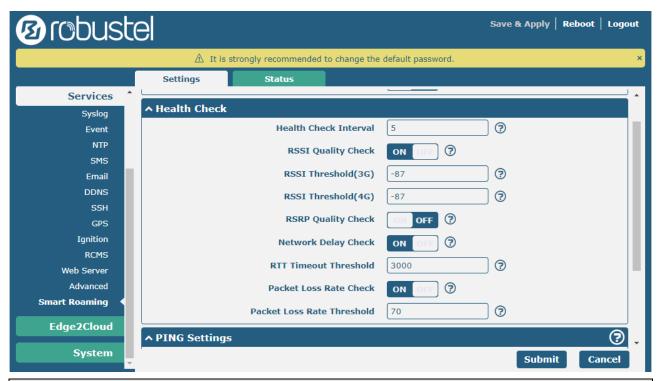
Smart roaming settings include common settings, health check, Ping settings and advanced settings.



General settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable smart roaming	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Smart Roaming" function.	OFF

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Health check settings		
Item	Description	Default
Health check interval	The health check interval of the current connection, in minutes. If the health check fails, Smart Roaming will try to switch to another carrier's network. Be careful not to set all inspection conditions to values that cannot be achieved in theory.	5 minutes
RSSI Quality Check	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "RSSI Quality Check" function.	ON
RSSI threshold (3G)	The signal strength threshold of the 3G network.	-87 dBm
RSSI threshold (4G)	The signal strength threshold of the 4G network.	-87 dBm
RSRP Quality Check	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "RSRP Quality Check" function.	OFF
RSRP threshold (4G)	The reference signal received power threshold of the 4G network.	-105 dBm
RSRP threshold (5G)	The reference signal received power threshold of the 5G network.	-105 dBm
Network Delay Check	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Network Delay Check" function.	ON
RTT timeout threshold	Round trip timeout time 3000 ms	3000 ms
Packet loss rate check	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Packet Loss Rate Check" function.	ON
Packet loss rate threshold	Packet loss rate threshold	70 %





PING setting		
Item	Description	Default
Preferred server	The router pings the main address/domain name to check whether the current connection always exists.	8.8.8.8
Standby server	The router pings the alternate address/domain name to check whether the current connection always exists.	114.114.114.114
Ping timeout	Set the timeout period of Ping.	5 seconds
Ping attempts	The number of ping attempts during each health check. Each ping attempt will send 3 ping packets by default, so the total number of ping packets sent during each health check is (3*ping attempts).	3 times

^ Advanced Settings	
Use Degraded Networ	ON OFF ?
Periodic Restar	t 0 🤊
Daily Restart Time	· (7)

Advanced settings		
Item	Description	Default
	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Use degraded	
Lice degraded network	network" function. The definition of a degraded network is that	OFF
Use degraded network	it can be connected to the Internet, but the network quality	OFF
	does not meet the health check threshold.	
	Set the cycle of restarting the "Smart Roaming" function, in	
	hours. 0 means no periodic restart is enabled. Restarting	0
Restart regularly	"Smart Roaming" will re-search for available carrier networks	
Restart regularly	and reset the current status, because searching for available	
	carrier networks takes a long time, and restarting may take 3	
	to 5 minutes.	
	Set the time point for restarting "Smart Roaming" every day,	
Restart time every day	the format is HH:MM (24-hour clock). When this item is empty,	null
	it means shutting down and restarting.	



State Inactive Operator Selection Mode Time Since Last Network Scan

Status		
Item	Description	
Status	Display the current status of "Smart Roaming". Including Scanning, Connecting, Connected, Inactive and other statuses, respectively indicating that it is searching for available networks, connecting to the network, the network is connected, and the function is not activated.	
Operator selection model	Shows the current method of selecting the carrier network. Including Automatic and Manual two methods, respectively refer to the automatic selection according to the standard specification and the software selection according to the network quality, and the software will switch between these two methods in a cycle.	
The time elapsed since the last search for available networks	Shows the elapsed time since the last search for available networks. "Smart Roaming" restart will refresh this time.	

^ PLMN List Index PLMN Status RAT RSSI(dbm) RSRP(dbm) Latency(ms) Packet Loss(%) HealthCheck

PLMN list	
Item	Description
Index	PLMN list index.
PLMN	PLMN = MCC + MNC, which is the combination of mobile country code and mobile network code.
Status	The current network status, including Current, Visible, Forbidden, Unknown, etc., respectively indicate the current use of this network, available network, forbidden network and unknown network.
RAT	Current wireless access technologies, including 3G/4G/5G.
RSSI	Current signal quality, used in 3G and 4G networks.
RSRP	Current reference signal received power, used in 4G and 5G networks. (When connecting to 5G, you cannot see the signal strength RSSI, only the signal power RSRP)
Delay	The current network delay.
Packet loss rate	The current network packet loss rate.
Health check status	The current health check status, including Pending, Good, Degraded, Failed, etc., respectively indicate that the current network has not undergone a health check,

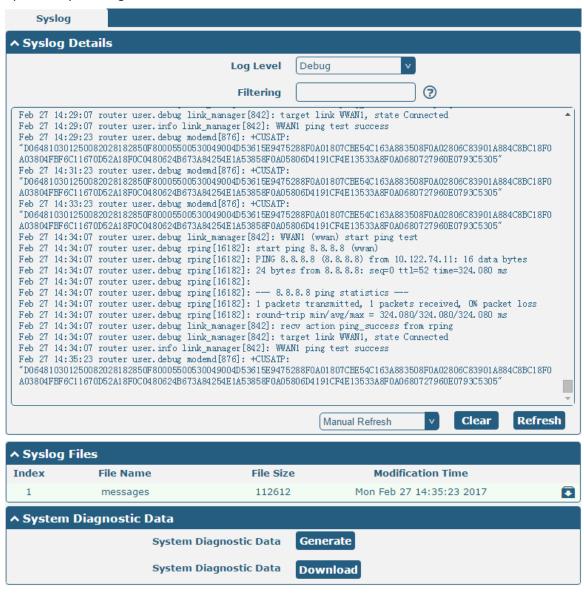


PLMN list	
Item	Description
	the network quality is good, the network is degraded, or the network quality is poor (including network disconnection or failure to meet the health check threshold).

4.6 System

4.6.1 **Debug**

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details. Click **Service > System Log > System Log Settings** to open the system log.





Item	Description	Default	
Syslog Details			
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high.	Debug	
	The lower level will output more syslog in detail.		
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use "&" to separate more	Null	
	than one filter message, such as "keyword1&keyword2".		
Refresh	Select from "Manual Refresh", "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "20 Seconds" or "30	Manual	
	Seconds". You can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed	Refresh	
	in the follow box. If selecting "manual refresh", you should click the refresh		
	button to refresh the syslog.		
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.		
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.		
	Syslog Files		
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files' name range from message0	/	
	to message 4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.		
	System Diagnosing Data		
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	/	
Download	Click to download system diagnosing file.	/	

4.6.2 Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.



4.6.3 App Center

This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.



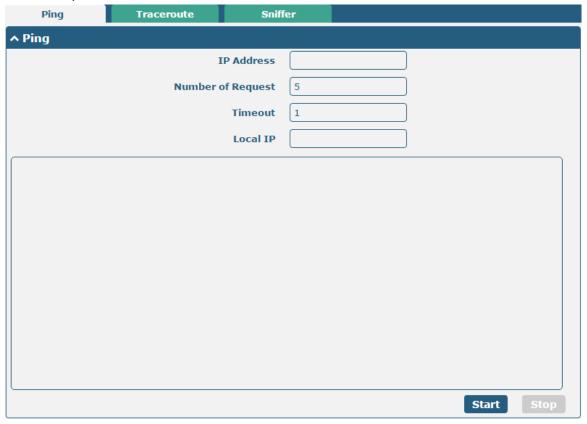


App Center		
Item	Description	Default
	App Install	
Install to SD	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ability to install the app to the SD	OFF
card	card.	
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click	
	Install to import this file into your router.	
	Note : File format should be xxx.rpk, e.g. R2110-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk.	
	Installed Apps	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Location	Show the installation path.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null



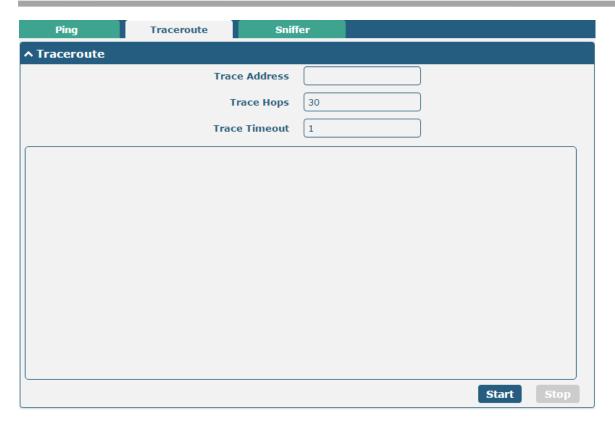
4.6.4 Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer. The Ping tool is used to detect the network connectivity of the router.

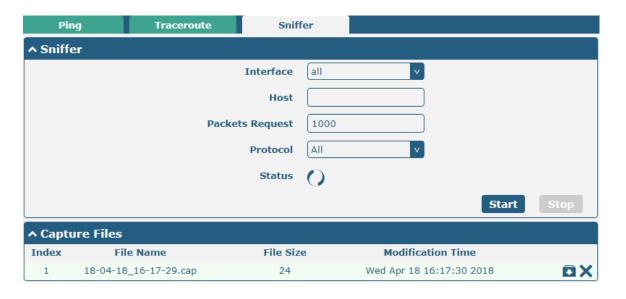


Ping		
Item	Description	Default
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping request.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	
Chart	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the	Null
Start	follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.	





Traceroute		
Item	Description	Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	30
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Start	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in	
	the follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	





Sniffer		
Item	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Port	Set the port number for TCP or UDP that is used in sniffer.	Null
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	Null
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer.	
Stop	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file	
Stop	will be displayed in the following List.	
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find	Null
	the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click 🖸 to download the log, click	
	Xto delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	

4.6.5 Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile			
Item	Description	Default	
Import Configuration File			
Reset Other Settings to	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default	OFF	
Default	settings.		
Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore invalid settings.	ON	



XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your	
	computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.	
	Export Configuration File	
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore the disabled features.	OFF
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "ON" to add detailed information.	OFF
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.	ON
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file, and click	
	Export to export the XML configuration file.	
	Default Configuration	
Save Running	Click Save button to save the current running parameters as default	
Configuration as Default	configuration.	
Restore to Default	Click "restore" button to restore the factory defaults.	
Configuration		



Rollback		
Item	Description	Default
Configuration Rollback		
Save as a Rollbackable	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save	
Archive	point every day automatically if configuration changes.	
Configuration Archive Files		
Configuration Archive	View the related information about configuration archive files, including	
Files	name, size and modification time.	



4.6.6 User Management

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

Note: Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.



Super User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create, if you do not want to change	Null
	username, leave it blank. 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #,	
	\$, ., *, !, -	
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin", 5-32 characters,	Null
	valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create, 5-32 characters, valid characters:	Null
	a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null



Click to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.



Common User Settings		
Item Description Defa		Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	



Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor".	Visitor
	Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	
	Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level	
Username	Set the Username, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null
Password	Set the password, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null



Chapter 5 Configuration Examples

5.1 Cellular

5.1.1 Cellular Dial-Up

WAN

WLAN

4

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link and "WWAN2" as the backup link, and set "Cold Backup" as the backup mode, then click "Submit".

Note: All data will be transferred via WWAN1 when choose WWAN1 as the primary link and set backup mode as cold backup. At the same time, WWAN2 is always offline as a backup link. All data transmission will be switched to WWAN2 when the WWAN1 is disconnected.



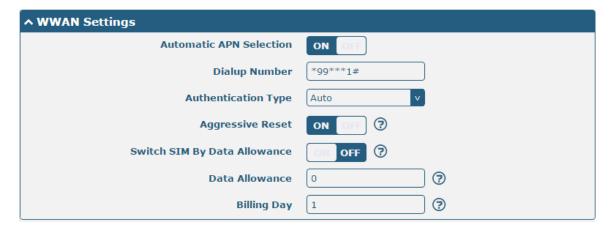
Click the edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.

DHCP

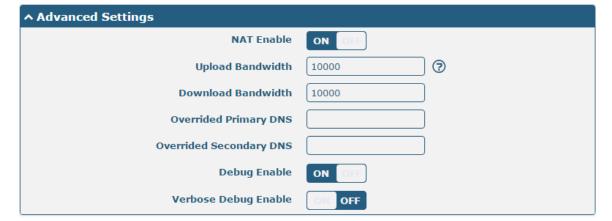
DHCP











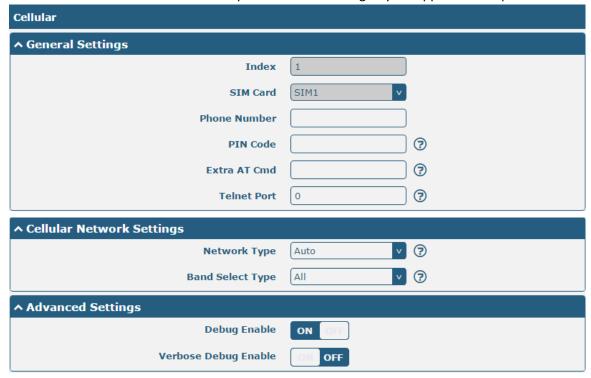
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The window is displayed below by clicking Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings.





Click the edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

5.1.2 SMS Remote Control

The router supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters. There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

An SMS command has the following structure:

- 1. Password mode—Username: Password; cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ...cmdn (available for every phone number).
- 2. Phonenum mode-- **Password; cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ... cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R2110's phone group).
- 3. Both mode-- **Username: Password; cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ...cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R2110's phone group).

SMS command Explanation:

- 1. User name and Password: use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication.
- 2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.



Profile	Rollback	
↑ Import Configuration File		
	Reset Other Settings to Default	OH OFF ?
	Ignore Invalid Settings	ON OFF ?
	XML Configuration File	Choose File No file chosen Import
^ Export Configuration File		
	Ignore Disabled Features	OFF ?
	Add Detailed Information	OH OFF ?
	Encrypt Secret Data	ON OFF ?
	XML Configuration File	Generate
↑ Default Configuration		
Save F	Running Configuration as Default	Save ?
	Restore to Default Configuration	Restore

XML command:

<lan>
<network max_entry_num="2">
<id>1</id>
<interface>lan0</interface>
<ip>172.16.24.24</ip>
<netmask>255.255.0.0</netmask>
<mtu>1500</mtu>

SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0 set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24 set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0 set lan network 1 mtu 1500

- 3. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one command packed in a single SMS.
- 4. E.g.

admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the function of the command is to get the system status.

SMS received:

hardware_version = 1.2 firmware_version = "3.0.0" kernel_version = 4.1.0 device_model = R2110-4L serial_number = 201612221052 uptime = "0 days, 00:40:21" system_time = "Mon Feb 27 09:52:52 2017"

admin:admin;reboot



In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to reboot the Router.

SMS received:

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to disable the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

OK

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0; set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24; set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0; set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

OK

OK

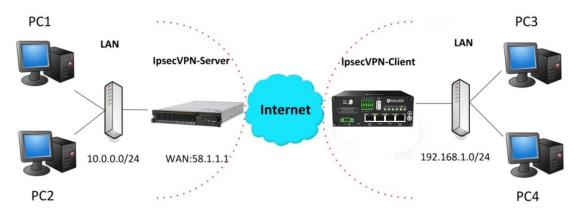
OK

OK

5.2 VPN Configuration Example

5.2.1 IPsec VPN

IPsec VPN example topology (the IKE and SA parameters must be configured on the server and client): The configuration of server and client is as follows.



The configuration of server and client is as follows.

IPsec VPN_Server:

Cisco 2811:

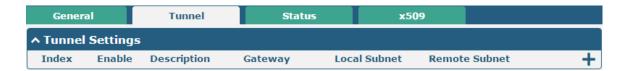


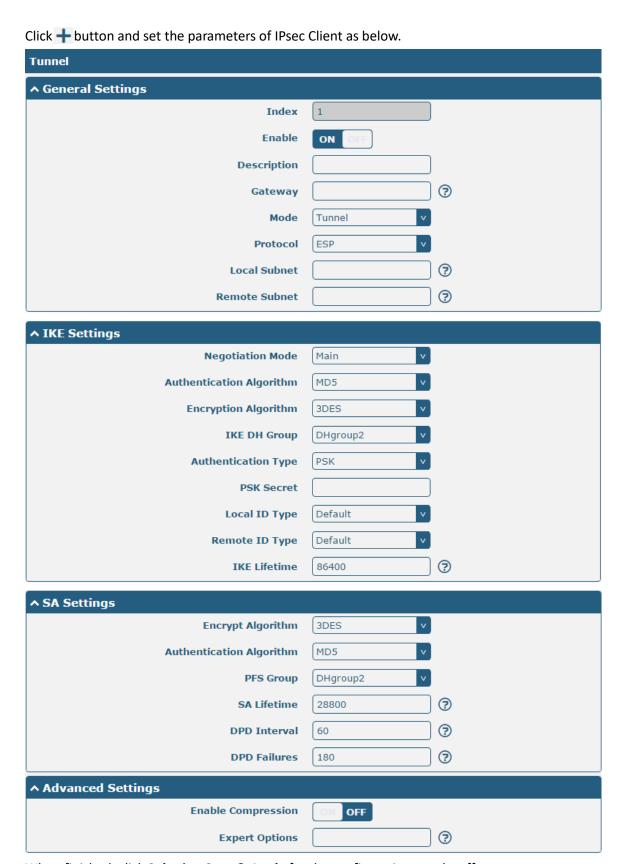
```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption
                  Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
                 Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
                  Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  group
                 Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  hash
  lifetime
                  Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
                  Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp) #encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp) #hash md5
Router(config-isakmp) #authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp) #group 2
Router(config-isakmp) #exit
Router(config) #crypto isakmp ?
  client Set client configuration policy
  enable Enable ISAKMP
  kev
          Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config) #crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Router(config) #crypto ?
  dynamic-map Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec
               Configure IPSEC policy
  isakmp
               Configure ISAKMP policy
              Long term key operations
  key
  map
              Enter a crypto map
Router(config) #crypto ipsec ?
  security-association Security association parameters
  transform-set
                        Define transform and settings
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac AH-HMAC-SHA transform
                ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-3des
              ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-aes
  esp-des
               ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
Router(config) #ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl) #permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl) #exit
Router(config) #crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
       and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map) #match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map) #set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map) #set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map) #exit
Router(config) #interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if) #cr
Router(config-if) #crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```

IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.



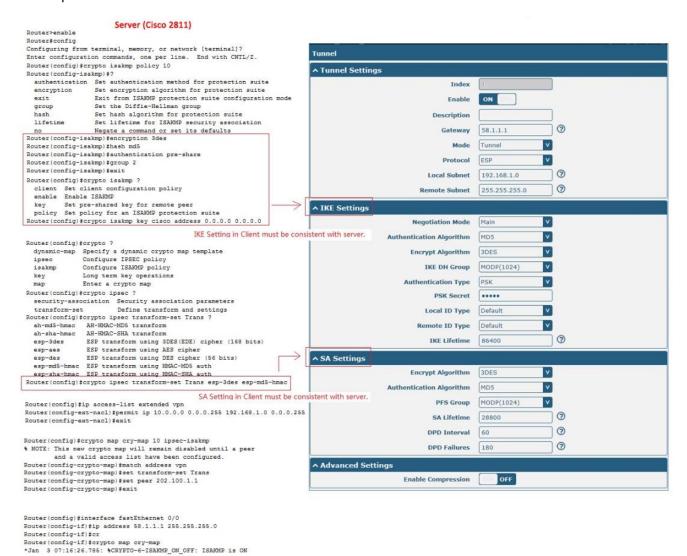




When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



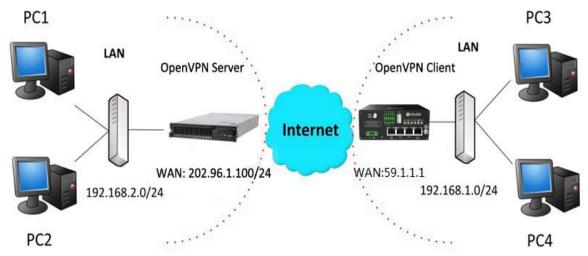
The comparison between server and client is as below.





5.2.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports both client and P2P (peer-to-peer) modes. Here, the client is used as an example. The sample topology is shown below:



The configuration of two points is as follows.

OpenVPN_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100

mode server

port 1194

proto udp

dev tun

tun-mtu 1500

fragment 1500

ca ca.crt

cert Server01.crt

key Server01.key

dh dh1024.pem

server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"

client-config-dir ccd

route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

keepalive 10 120

cipher BF-CBC

comp-lzo

max-clients 100

persist-key

persist-tun

status openvpn-status.log

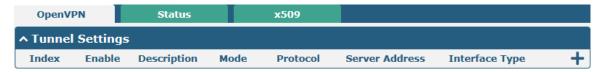
verb 3



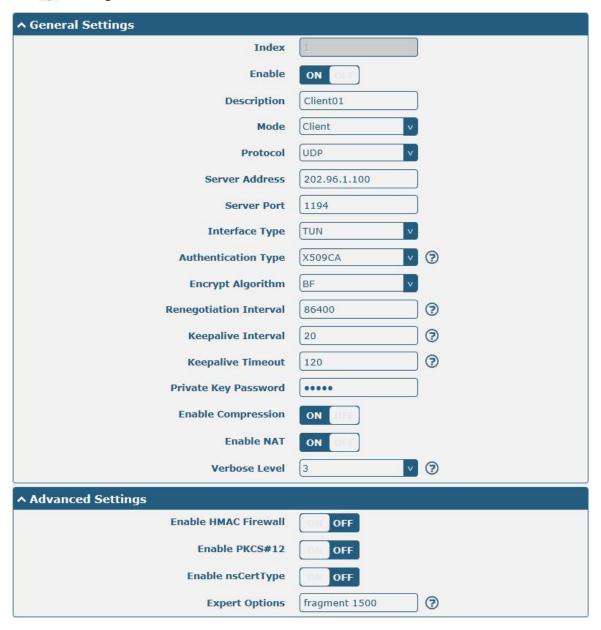
Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

OpenVPN_Client:

Click VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN as below.



Click + to configure the Client01 as below.

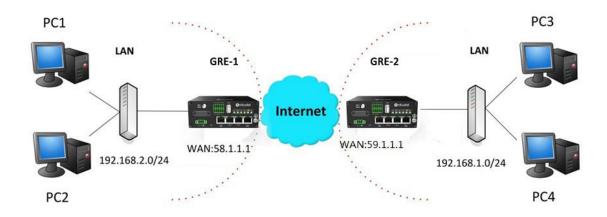


When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



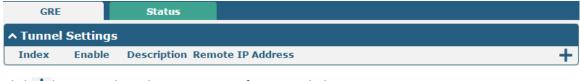
5.2.3 GRE VPN

The configuration of two points is as follows.

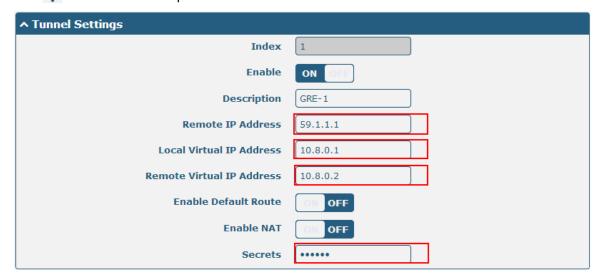


GRE-1:

The window is displayed as below by clicking VPN > GRE > GRE.



Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



GRE-2:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.

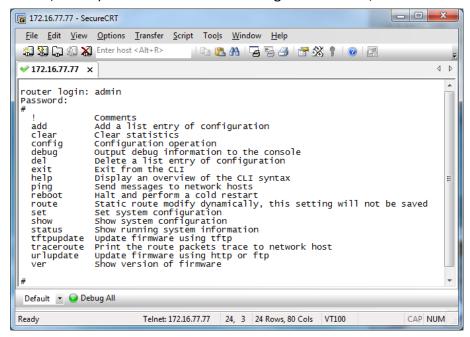




Chapter 6 Introductions for CLI

6.1 What Is CLI

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is a set of software interfaces that provide another way to configure device parameters. Users can connect to the router through SSH or telnet to configure CLI commands. After establishing a Telnet or SSH connection with the router, enter the login account and password (default admin/admin) to enter the router's configuration mode, as shown below.



Route login:

Router login: admin Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

#? (Note: the '?' won't display on the page.)

ļ Comments add Add a list entry of configuration Clear statistics clear Configuration operation config debug Output debug information to the console Delete a list entry of configuration del Exit from the CLI exit Display an overview of the CLI syntax help Send messages to network hosts ping



reboot Halt and perform a cold restart

route Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved

set Set system configuration

show Show system configuration

status Show running system information

tftpupdate Update firmware using tftp

traceroute Print the route packets trace to network host

urlupdate Update firmware using http or ftp

ver Show version of firmware



6.2 How to Configure the CLI

The following list is a description of the help information commands and the error commands encountered during configuration.

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.
	Example:
	# config (tick '?')
	config Configuration operation
	# config (tick space key+ +'?')
	commit Save the configuration changes and take effect
	changed configuration
	save_and_apply Save the configuration changes and take effect
	changed configuration
	loaddefault Restore Factory Configuration
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.
Syntax error: The command is not	Command is not completed.
completed	
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish you command.
	Example:
	# config (tick Enter key)
	Syntax error: The command is not completed
	# config (tick space key+ Tab key)
	commit save_and_apply loaddefault
#config commit	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make
# config save_and_apply	your setting take effect on the device.
	Note: Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.

6.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function
Set	Set parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the
Add	Add parameters	difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list
		parameter

Note: More detail about CLI command, please refer to "Command Line Interface Guide".



6.4 Quick Start with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
firmware_version = "1.0.4"
kernel_version = 3.18.92
device_model = "R2110"
serial_number = 201712221052
uptime = "0 days, 00:06:58"
system_time = "Wed Feb 15 18:21:46 2017"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
 firmware New firmware
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
 String Firmware name
# tftpupdate firmware R2110-firmware-sysupgrade-unknown.ruf host 192.168.100.99 //enter a new firmware name
 Downloading
R2110-firmware-s 100% | ***************** 5018k 0: 00: 00 ETA
Flashing
Checking 100%
Decrypting 100%
Flashing 100%
Verifying 100%
Verfify Success
upgrade success
                                          //update success
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                         //save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 3: Set link-manager

```
# set
# set (space+?)
                       AT Over Telnet
  at_over_telnet
  cellular
                       Cellular
  ddns
                       Dynamic DNS
  ethernet
                       Ethernet
  event
                       Event Management
  firewall
                       Firewall
                       GRE
  gre
  ipsec
                       IPsec
```



lan Local Area Network

link_manager Link Manager

NTP ntp

OpenVPN openvpn

reboot **Automatic Reboot**

robustlink Robustlink route Route SMS sms

SNMP agent snmp

ssh SSH syslog Syslog system System

user_management **User Management**

VRRP vrrp

Web Server web_server

set link_management

primary link **Primary Link** backup_link Backup Link backup_mode BackSup Mode emergency_reboot Emergency Reboot

link Link Settings

set link_management primary_link (space+?) Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan/wlan)

set link_management primary_link wwan1

OK

set link_manager link 1

type Type

desc Description connection_type **Connection Type** wwan **WWAN Settings**

static addr **Static Address Settings**

pppoe **PPPoE Settings** ping **Ping Settings**

MTU mtu

dns1_overrided **Overrided Primary DNS** dns2_overrided **Overrided Secondary DNS**

set link_manager link 1 type wwan1

OK

set link_manager link 1 wwan

aggressive_reset

auto apn **Automatic APN Selection**

APN apn username Username password **Password** dialup_number **Dialup Number Authentication Type** auth_type **Aggressive Reset**

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//select "wwan1" as primary_link

//setting succeed



```
switch_by_data_allowance    Switch SIM By Data Allowance
  data_allowance
                              Data Allowance
  billing_day
                              Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan switch_by_data_allowance true
OK
#
# set link_manager link 1 wwan data_allowance 100
                                                                    //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
                                                                    //setting succeed
OK
                                                                    //setting specifies the day of month for billing
# set link_manager link 1 wwan billing_day 1
OK
                                                                    // setting succeed
# config save_and_apply
                                         // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
OK
Example 4: Set LAN IP address
                                                                   // Set Table 2 (eth1) to lan0
# set Ethernet port_setting 2 port_assignment lan0
OK
# config save_and_apply
                                                                  // Make the configuration take effect
OK
```

Example 5: Set LAN IP address

```
# show lan all
network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    mtu = 1500
    dhcp {
         enable = true
         mode = server
         relay_server = ""
         pool start = 192.168.0.2
         pool_end = 192.168.0.100
         netmask = 255.255.255.0
         router = ""
         primary_dns = ""
         secondary_dns = ""
         wins server = ""
         lease time = 120
         expert_options = ""
         debug_enable = false
    }
```



```
}
multi_ip {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 172.16.24.24
    netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
  network
                  Network Settings
  multi_ip
             Multiple IP Address Settings
  vlan
                  VLAN
# set lan network 1(space+?)
  interface Interface
              IP Address
  netmask
              Netmask
  mtu
              MTU
  dhcp
              DHCP Settings
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24
                                                  //set IP address for lan
                                                  //setting succeed
OK
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
# config save_and_apply
ОК
                                         // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 6: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all

sim {

id = 1

card = sim1

phone_number = ""

extra_at_cmd = ""

network_type = auto

band_select_type = all

band_gsm_850 = false

band_gsm_1800 = false

band_gsm_1900 = false

band_gsm_1900 = false

band_wcdma_850 = false

band_wcdma_900 = false

band_wcdma_900 = false
```



```
band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band_lte_900 = false
    band Ite 1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
    band_lte_1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
    id = 2
    card = sim2
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band Ite 850 = false
    band_lte_900 = false
    band_lte_1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band Ite 2600 = false
    band_lte_1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
```

OK



```
at_over_telnet
               cellular
                               ddns
                                                 dhcp
                                                                  dns
event
               firewall
                               ipsec
                                                 lan
                                                                  link_manager
               openvpn
                               reboot
                                                 route
                                                                  serial_port
ntp
                                                                  user_management
sms
               snmp
                               syslog
                                                 system
vrrp
# set cellular(space+?)
 sim SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
 Integer Index (1..2)
# set cellular sim 1(space+?)
  card
                       SIM Card
                       Phone Number
  phone_number
                       Extra AT Cmd
  extra_at_cmd
                       Network Type
  network_type
  band_select_type
                       Band Select Type
  band gsm 850
                       GSM 850
  band_gsm_900
                       GSM 900
  band_gsm_1800
                       GSM 1800
  band_gsm_1900
                       GSM 1900
  band_wcdma_850
                       WCDMA 850
  band wcdma 900
                       WCDMA 900
  band_wcdma_1900
                       WCDMA 1900
  band_wcdma_2100
                       WCDMA 2100
  band_lte_800
                       LTE 800 (band 20)
  band Ite 850
                       LTE 850 (band 5)
  band_lte_900
                       LTE 900 (band 8)
  band_lte_1800
                       LTE 1800 (band 3)
  band_lte_1900
                       LTE 1900 (band 2)
  band_lte_2100
                       LTE 2100 (band 1)
  band Ite 2600
                       LTE 2600 (band 7)
  band_lte_1700
                       LTE 1700 (band 4)
  band Ite 700
                       LTE 700 (band 17)
                       TDD LTE 2600 (band 38)
  band_tdd_lte_2600
  band_tdd_lte_1900
                       TDD LTE 1900 (band 39)
  band_tdd_lte_2300
                       TDD LTE 2300 (band 40)
  band_tdd_lte_2500
                       TDD LTE 2500 (band 41)
# set cellular sim 1 phone number 18620435279
OK
# config save_and_apply
```

// save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect



Glossary

Abbr.	Description	
AC	Alternating Current	
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network	
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)	
СНАР	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol	
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting	
CSD	Circuit Switched Data	
CTS	Clear to Send	
dB	Decibel	
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator	
DC	Direct Current	
DCD	Data Carrier Detect	
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)	
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN	
DI	Digital Input	
DO	Digital Output	
DSR	Data Set Ready	
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment	
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency	
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges	
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute	
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution	
GND	Ground	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	
GRE	generic route encapsulation	
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access	
ID	identification data	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification	
IP	Internet Protocol	
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security	
kbps	kbits per second	
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol	



Abbr.	Description
LAN	local area network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to Machine
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
МО	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLCs	Program Logic Control System
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTS	Request to Send
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
Rx	Receive Direction
SDK	Software Development Kit
SIM	subscriber identification module
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna
SMS	Short Message Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Тх	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct Current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio



Abbr.	Description
WAN	Wide Area Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network

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